

SCHEDULE S – PART 7

**RESTATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET
TO IDENTIFY NET CREDIT FOR CEDED REINSURANCE**

Column 1 – As Reported (Net of Ceded)

Complete data consistent with the data reported for the current year on Page 2, Column 3 and Page 3 of the annual statement.

Column 2 – Restatement Adjustments

Enter adjustments to remove the financial statement impact of the ceded reinsurance amounts from those assets and liabilities in which they are incorporated and to place all of the net balance sheet impact in a single "Net Credit for Ceded Reinsurance" asset. In most instances, the adjustment will increase the asset or liability item for the amount of ceded reinsurance that has been deducted from that item. Two notable exceptions are the reinsurance ceded asset(s), (Page 2, Lines 16.1 through 16.3, Column 3) and the Liability for Reinsurance in Unauthorized Companies (Page 3, Line 21.2) where the adjustment moves the item to the (Net Credit for Ceded Reinsurance) asset and zeros out the original item. Total Surplus of the company should remain unchanged by the restatement adjustments.

Column 3 – Restated (Gross of Ceded)

Sum of Column 1 plus Column 2. Balance sheet restated to show gross assets and liabilities before netting of ceded reinsurance and total "Net Credit for Ceded Reinsurance."

Liabilities (Page 3)

Line 16 – Funds held under reinsurance treaties with unauthorized reinsurers

These amounts should be applied in Column 2 as an offset to the credit taken for ceded reinsurance recoverable.

Line 18 – Funds held under reinsurance treaties with certified reinsurers

These amounts should be applied in Column 2 as an offset to the credit taken for ceded reinsurance recoverable.

Net Credit for Ceded Reinsurance

Column 1 – As Reported (Net of Ceded)

Analyze of credit for ceded reinsurance, total net (Line 41) to agree with restated asset, Line 4, Column 3, of this schedule.

Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE T – PREMIUMS AND ANNUITY CONSIDERATIONS

ALLOCATED BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

This schedule is intended to exhibit the amount of premium and annuity considerations and deposit-type contracts allocated to each state. For Life Companies only, this Schedule also provides: (a) the starting point for the calculation of state premium taxes, and (b) the starting point for the calculation of premium-based, state guaranty association assessments. (The basis for such assessments is developed in the Life, Health & Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit, not in Schedule T.) See the instructions to the Life, Health & Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit and Adjustments to the Life, Health, & Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit for allocated and unallocated annuities reported in Columns 5, 6 and 7.

Report premiums and annuity considerations for life and accident and health contracts and deposit-type contracts for direct business. Exclude contract proceeds left with the reporting entity, such as amounts for supplemental contracts, dividend or refund accumulations and other similar items. Dividends or refunds on contracts that are used to pay renewal life and accident and health insurance premiums or annuity consideration should be included in the amount allocated to the states and territories in Columns 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Refer to SSAP No. 50—*Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts* for life, accident and health and deposit-type contract definitions, SSAP No. 51R—*Life Contracts* and SSAP No. 52—*Deposit-Type Contracts* for accounting guidance.

Column 1 – Active Status

Use the following codes to identify the Reporting Entity's status for each state or territory reported in the schedule as of the end of the reporting period. Enter the code that applies to the Reporting Entity's status in the state or territory. Each line must have an entry in order to subtotal Footnote (a).

L – Licensed or Chartered	(Licensed insurance Carrier and Domiciled Risk Retention Groups referred to in some states as admitted.)
R – Registered	(Non-domiciled Risk Retention Groups)
E – Eligible	(Reporting Entities eligible or approved to write Surplus Lines in the state, in some states referred to as nonadmitted.)
Q – Qualified	(Qualified or Accredited Reinsurer)
N – None of the above	(Not allowed to write business in the state)

Column 2 – Life Contracts - Life Insurance Premiums

Report premium received for life insurance and for all supplemental benefits attached to life insurance contracts.

Column 3 – Life Contracts - Annuity Considerations

Report allocated annuity considerations received for contracts that incorporate any mortality or morbidity risk.

Column 4 – Accident and Health Insurance Premiums, Including Policy, Membership and Other Fees

Accident and health insurance premiums may be reported either on a cash basis or on a written basis. In the latter case, cash basis ledger amounts must be adjusted by due and unpaid premium amounts for each state and territory to which they are allocated.

Include: All Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Coverage, whether sold on a stand-alone basis or through a Medicare Advantage product and whether sold directly to an individual or through a group.

Column 4 should balance with either Exhibit 1, Lines 6.4, 10.4, 16.4, Column 4 or Schedule H, Part 1, Line 1, Column 1.

Column 5	Other Considerations
	<p>Include: Unallocated annuity considerations and other unallocated deposits which incorporate any mortality or morbidity risk and are not reported in Columns 2, 3 or 4.</p>
Column 7	Deposit-Type Contract Funds
	<p>Report deposits and other amounts received for contracts without any mortality or morbidity risk.</p>
	<p>Include: Deposits for Guaranteed Investment Contracts and Immediate Annuities without life contingencies reported in the Deposit-type Contract Entity.</p>

^{** Column 8 will be electronic only **}

Column 8	Branch Operations Indicator
	<p>Include the indicator "B" if any direct premium in the alien jurisdiction is written via branch operations. If the premium in the jurisdiction represents both branch operations and other direct business (e.g., the policyholder or group member residence changed to that jurisdiction), then indicate "B." If there are no branch operations in the jurisdiction, leave blank. The definition of "branch operations" is the definition used by the reporting entity's state of domicile.</p>

Definitions for the following section Lines 1 – 58 Allocation by state/jurisdiction

Resident

A member who occupies a dwelling within a state with indications that the state is their primary domicile by payment of taxes, voting registration, and other indicators.

Residence

The domicile location of a member as shown by his or her determination as a resident. In the context of Schedule T, the residence of the policyowner or group member would equate to the location that the member uses for official documents; information maintained by an employer as the home address of the employee would be accepted as a member's residence for allocation purposes.

Situs of the Contract

The jurisdiction in which the contract is issued or delivered as stated in the contract.

Rule of 500

For individual and group life insurance shall be defined as a premium allocation method for group policies that 1) permits a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the state or territory in which the majority of covered members reside or to the situs of the contract; 2) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the state or territory where each member resides; and 3) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the state or territory where each member resides or is employed.

For individual and group health insurance shall be defined as a premium allocation method for group policies that 1) permits a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the jurisdiction in which the majority of covered members reside or to the situs of the contract; 2) permits a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the jurisdiction in which the majority of covered members reside or are employed or to the situs of the contract; 3) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the jurisdiction where each member resides; and 4) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the jurisdiction where each member resides or is employed.

Members

A person, employee, retiree, etc., that qualifies for and is covered under a group insurance policy. No consideration should be given to a member's dependents for counting the number of members in a group or in allocating premium and other considerations to the various state and territories.

Lines 1 – 58: Allocation by states and territories for individual and group life insurance

The instructions are minimum allocation standards. More detailed methods of allocation are acceptable, as long as they still encompass the minimum allocation instructions. Methods of allocation that better reflect the actual risk location by state are encouraged.

For individual policies, allocate and report premium and other considerations to a state or territory based on the residence of the policyowner, insured or payer. Use of policyowner, insured or payer residence should be established by company policy and must be consistently applied to all individual policies and reporting periods.

For group policies not provided by an employer, allocate and report premium and other considerations to a state or territory based on the residence of each group member. A group policy covering less than 500 members may allocate all group premiums to the state or territory where the greatest number of members reside or to the situs of the contract (Rule of 500).

For group policies provided by an employer, allocate and report premium and other considerations based on the residence or the employment location of each covered group member. For group insurance provided by an employer covering fewer than 500 members, the premium may be allocated to one state or territory based on the residence or employment location of the greatest number of covered members or to the situs of the contract (Rule of 500).

For group insurance sold through associations or trusts, allocate and report premium and other considerations on a basis similar to group policies. Apply the Rule of 500 to the association or trust policy first. An association or trust policy covering fewer than 500 members may allocate all premiums to the state or territory where the greatest number of members reside or work or to the situs of the contract. Regardless of the number of groups or employers under the association or trust policy, if the association or trust policy has more than 500 covered members, apply the Rule of 500 at the level of each group and employer in determining the allocation of the premium. The determination of state and territory allocation by group or employer should be added to the determination of state and territory allocation of each group or employer under the association or trust policy to come up with the total allocation of premium. Do not report all association or trust business in one state or territory unless all covered members of the association or trust reside in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500. If the group is a collection of employers, do not report all premiums in one state or territory unless all of the covered employees reside or work in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500.

Example of an association policy that covers a group of employers: If the association policy covers more than 500 members, each employer would be reviewed to determine if coverage is provided through the association policy for more than 500 members. If an employer has fewer than 500 covered members, the premium for that employer may be reported in one state or territory based on the residence or work location of the most employees or to the situs of the contract. If an employer covers more than 500 members through an association policy, the premium would be reported based on the residence or employment location of each member. The determination for each employer would be added to the determinations for all the other employers that provide coverage to employees through the association policy.

Reporting entities must have procedures to capture and maintain changes in a member's residence and/or employment location and/or policyowner location when notified through renewals or other procedures and must use the changes to allocate premium and other considerations. It is not necessary to anticipate unreported changes in allocation at any specific reporting date.

For all group policies, the premium and other considerations associated with a member should be the basis of determining the amount of premium to report in a jurisdiction. If information is not available to associate a specific premium to each member, an allocation can be made based on the number of covered persons in a state or territory compared to the total number of the group's covered members and apply that ratio to the total group premium and other considerations.

Lines 1 – 58 Allocation by jurisdictions for individual and group health insurance

The instructions are minimum allocation standards. More detailed methods of allocation are acceptable, as long as they still encompass the minimum allocation instructions. Methods of allocation that better reflect the actual risk location by jurisdiction are encouraged. The method should be established by company policy and must be consistently applied to all policies within each type and for all reporting periods.

For individual policies, allocate and report premium and other considerations to the jurisdiction based on the residence of the policyowner, insured or payer or on the situs of the contract.

For group policies not provided by an employer, allocate and report premiums and other considerations to the jurisdiction based on the Rule of 500, or on the situs of the contract.

For group policies provided by an employer, allocate and report premiums and other considerations to the jurisdiction based on the Rule of 500, location of employer or on the situs of the contract.

If using the Rule of 500 for group insurance sold through an association or trust, the following instructions apply:

Apply the Rule of 500 to the association or trust policy first. If the association or trust policy has more than 500 covered members, apply the Rule of 500 at the level of each group or employer in determining the allocation of the premium. The determination of jurisdiction allocation by group or employer should be added to the determination of jurisdiction allocation of each group or employer under the association or trust policy to come up with the total allocation of premium. Do not report all association or trust business in one state unless all covered members of the association or trust reside in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500. If the group is a collection of employers, do not report all premiums in one jurisdiction unless all of the covered employees reside or work in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500.

Example of an association policy that covers a group of employers: If the association policy covers more than 500 members, each employer would be reviewed to determine if coverage is provided through the association's policy for more than 500 members. If an employer has less than 500 covered members, the premium for that employer may be reported in one state based on the Rule of 500. If an employer covers more than 500 members through the association policy, the premiums would be reported based on the residence or employment location of each member. The determination for each employer would be added to the determinations for all the other employers that provide coverage to employees through the association policy.

Where applicable, reporting entities must have procedures to capture and maintain changes in allocation when notified through renewals or other procedures and must use the changes to adjust the allocation of premiums and other considerations in subsequent financial statements. It is not necessary to anticipate unreported changes in allocation at any specific reporting date.

If allocating premiums to multiple jurisdictions under group policies, the premiums and other considerations associated with a member should be the basis of determining the amount of premium to report in a jurisdiction. If information is not available to associate a specific premium to each member, an allocation can be made based on the number of covered persons in a jurisdiction compared to the total number of the group's covered members and apply that ratio to the total group premiums and other considerations.

The allocation method established by the reporting entity in compliance with these instructions and the instructions of the domiciliary state should be consistently applied to all policies and reporting periods.

The data reported in Schedule T of the annual statement may or may not be used for the calculation of the amount of premium tax due to a state/jurisdiction. Individual states/jurisdictions may require a separate schedule to support premium tax calculations.

NOTE: Existing state laws and regulations need to be considered when applying these instructions.

- Line 58 – Aggregate Other Alien
Enter the total of write-ins listed in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 58 for Other Alien." All U.S. business must be allocated by state regardless of license status.
- Line 90 – Reporting Entity Contributions for Employee Benefit Plans
Report the reporting entity's share of costs for employee benefit plans. Exclude any premiums paid by employees; these should be allocated to the states as above.
- Line 91 – Dividends or Refunds Applied to Purchase Paid-Up Additions and Annuities
Report dividends or refunds and benefit payments applied to purchase additional amounts of paid-up insurance or annuities. Dividends or refunds and benefit payments, initially left on deposit to accumulate at interest, but later used to provide paid-up additions or annuities or to shorten endowment or premium-paying period, should not be included here, but should be factored in Columns 2 and 3 and distributed by states for those states which allowed the dividends or refunds to be deducted in calculating premium taxes. For other states, separate totals similar to those for dividends or refunds so applied may be shown.
- Line 92 – Dividends or Refunds Applied to Shorten Endowment or Premium-Paying Period
Entries should be calculated on the same basis as for Line 91. Dividends or refunds applied to pay renewal premiums and consideration for annuities must also be included in Columns 2 and 3 and distributed by states. Any reinsurance amounts should be excluded (included in Line 96 or Line 98 below).
- Line 93 – Premium or Annuity Considerations Waived Under Disability or Other Contract Provisions
Premium or annuity considerations waived under disability or other contract provisions should be shown here in one sum and not allocated to the distribution by states.
- Line 94 – Aggregate Other Amounts Not Allocable By State
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 94 for Other Amounts Not Allocable By State."
Reinsurance amounts should be excluded.
- Line 95 – Totals (Direct Business)
Total of Lines 59 through 94.
- Line 96 – Plus Reinsurance Assumed
Premiums for reinsurance assumed, including any premium considerations waived under disability contract provisions or reinsurance assumed, and any dividends applied to purchase paid-up additions or to shorten the premium-paying period on reinsurance assumed.
The reporting entity's share of reinsurance for the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan and the Servicemen's Group Life Insurance Plan may be included here, or may be included in the amounts for the individual states if such a breakdown is available, or in Line 58.
- Line 98 – Less Reinsurance Ceded
Premiums paid for reinsurance ceded, including any premium considerations waived under disability contract provisions on reinsurance ceded, and any dividends applied to purchase paid-up additions or to shorten the premium-paying period on reinsurance ceded.

Line 99 Totals (All Business) Less Reinsurance Ceded

Line 97 minus Line 98.

The sum of Columns 2 and 3 should agree with Exhibit 1, Lines 6.4 plus 10.4 plus 16.4, Column 1 minus Column 4 minus Column 5.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 58 for Other Alien

List separately each alien jurisdiction for which there is no pre-printed line on Schedule T.

If the premium from an alien jurisdiction is due to relocation of current policyholders, the amount may be aggregated and reported as "Other Alien." Premiums from jurisdictions in which there is active writing must be reported by jurisdiction and include premium from relocated policyholders residing in the respective jurisdiction.

Identify each alien jurisdiction by using a three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country code followed by the name of the country (e.g., DEU Germany). For premium that can be aggregated and reported as "Other Alien" as stated in the previous paragraph, use "ZZZ" for the country code and "Other Alien" for the country name. A comprehensive listing of country codes is available in the appendix of these instructions.

Include summary of remaining write-ins for Line 58 from the Overflow page on the separate line indicated.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 94 for Other Amounts Not Allocable By State

List separately items that have been credited to the premium account which are properly not allocable to a specific state or states, and which do not fit the descriptions on Lines 90 to 93. Descriptions must be sufficient to clearly disclose the nature of the items listed. Descriptions such as "Miscellaneous" are not permitted.

Include summary of remaining write-ins for Line 94 from the Overflow page on the separate line indicated.

Explanation of basis of allocation by states, etc., of premiums and annuity considerations

Provide a detailed explanation of the by-state and by-territory allocation of premium and other considerations used by the reporting entity. The explanation should be detailed enough to determine compliance with state laws and regulations.

Footnote (a):

Provide the total of each active status code in Column 1. The sum of all the counts of all active status codes should equal 57.

SCHEDULE T – PART 2

INTERSTATE COMPACT – EXHIBIT OF PREMIUMS WRITTEN ALLOCATED BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

This exhibit is to be completed by all reporting entities. The purpose of the Interstate Compact is to promote and protect the interest of consumers of individual and group annuity, life insurance, disability income and long-term care insurance products through establishing a central clearinghouse to receive and provide prompt review of insurance products covered under the Compact pursuant to adopted uniform product standards. The Interstate Compact uses premium volume information statutorily reported to the NAIC for several purposes including the composition of the Compact Commission Management Committee. Data to be reported on this schedule should include all premiums for that line of business, not just for those policies that apply to the Compact.

Report direct business only.

Report premiums based on the instructions for allocating premiums between lines of business and jurisdictions for Schedule T.

Column 1 – Life Insurance

Life insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of coverage of human lives, including incidental benefits. The primary purpose of life insurance is to provide financial assistance to a beneficiary at the insured's death.

Column 2 – Annuities

An annuity is a contract the primary purpose of which is to obligate a reporting entity to make periodic payments, including incidental benefits. An annuity contract is an arrangement whereby an annuitant is guaranteed to receive a series of stipulated payments commencing either immediately or at some future date.

Report only annuities with mortality and/or morbidity risk.

Column 3 – Disability Income

Disability income insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of coverage that provides payments when an insured is disabled or unable to work because of illness, disease or injury, including incidental benefits. Policies may provide monthly benefits for loss of income from disability, either on a short-term or a long-term basis.

Column 4 – Long-Term Care

Long-term care insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of providing coverage when the insured is unable to perform specified activities of daily living or related functions, or have a cognitive impairment, including incidental benefits. Long-term care contracts represent any contract or policy of or for providing coverage for not less than 12 consecutive months for each covered person for one or more necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or personal care services, provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital. Under long-term care contracts, the insured event is generally the inability of the contract holder to perform certain activities of daily living.

Column 5 – Deposit-Type Contracts

A deposit-type contract is one that does not subject the reporting entity to any risks arising from policyholder mortality or morbidity. A mortality or morbidity risk is present if, under the terms of the contract, the reporting entity is required to make payments or forego required premiums contingent upon the death or disability (in the case of life and disability insurance contracts) or the continued survival (in the case of annuity contracts) of a specific individual or group of individuals. As such, deposit-type contracts are more comparable to financial or investment instruments, rather than insurance contracts.

Refer to SSAP No. 50—*Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts* and SSAP No. 52—*Deposit-Type Contracts* for accounting guidance.

Line 58 – Aggregate Other Alien

Enter the total of all alien business in the appropriate columns. Details by source are not required.

Life and Fraternal

Line 59 – Totals

Column 1 amount should equal Schedule T, Line 59, Column 2.

Column 2 amount should equal Schedule T, Line 59, Column 3.

Column 5 amount should equal Schedule T, Line 59, Column 7.

Not for Distribution

**SCHEDULE Y – INFORMATION CONCERNING ACTIVITIES OF INSURER MEMBERS OF
A HOLDING COMPANY GROUP**

PART I – ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

The term "holding company group" includes members of a holding company system and controlled groups.

All insurer and reporting entity members of a holding company group shall prepare a common schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements. If the company is required to file a registration statement under the provisions of the domiciliary state's Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act, then Schedule Y, Part I, Organizational Chart must be included in the annual statement. See SSAP No. 25—*Affiliates and Other Related Parties* for further information.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Interrogatories, Part I, Question 1.1.

Attach a chart or listing presenting the identities of and interrelationships between the parent, affiliated insurers and reporting entities; and other affiliates, identifying all insurers and reporting entities as such, and listing the Federal Employer's Identification Number for each. The NAIC company code and two-character state abbreviation of the state of domicile should be included for all domestic insurers. The relationships of the holding company group to the ultimate controlling person (if such person is outside the reported holding company) should be shown. Only those companies that were a member of a holding company group at the end of the reporting period should be shown on Schedule Y, Part I, Organizational Chart.

Where interrelationships are a 50%/50% ownership, footnote any voting rights preferences that one of the entities may have.

However, any person(s) (that includes natural person) deemed to be an ultimate controlling person, must be included in the organizational chart. The Social Security number for individual persons should not be included on this schedule.

SCHEDULE Y

PART 1A – DETAIL OF INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM

All insurer and reporting entity members of the holding company system shall prepare a schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements that is common for the group with the exception of Column 10, Relationship to Reporting Entity.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Interrogatories, Part 1, Question 1.E.

Column 1 – Group Code

If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.

Column 2 – Group Name

If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.

Column 3 – NAIC Company Code

If not applicable, the NAIC Company Code field should be zero filled.

Column 4 – ID Number

Enter one of the following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) General Instructions for more information on these identification numbers.

Federal Employer Identification Number	(FEIN)
Alien Insurer Identification Number	(AIIN) *
Certified Reinsurer Identification Number	(CRIN) *

* AIINs or CRINs are only reported if the entity in Column 8 is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number assigned or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) of another entity regardless of whether the entity in Column 8 is part of reporting entity's group.

If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.

Column 5 – Federal RSSD

RSSD is the primary identifier for the Federal Reserve's National Information Center (NIC) of the entity in Column 8, if applicable.

Column 6 – CIK

Central Index Key (CIK) (for example the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or any other exchange) of the entity in Column 8, if applicable.

Only provide the CIK issued for a publicly traded entity in Column 8. Do not provide a CIK issued for a variable insurance product written by the entity in Column 8.

If the name of a securities exchange is provided for Column 7, then a CIK should be provided for Column 6.

Column 7	-	Name of Securities Exchange if Publicly Traded (U.S. or International)
		If the entity in Column 8 is publicly traded either in the U.S. or internationally, list the name of the securities exchange (e.g., New York Stock Exchange).
		For companies traded on more than one exchange, show the U.S. exchange if traded both in the U.S. and internationally; otherwise show the primary exchange.
		The listing of most stock exchanges can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or at the following Web address:
		<i>www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml</i>
		If a CIK is provided for Column 6, then the name of a securities exchange should be provided for Column 7.
Column 8	-	Name of Parent, Subsidiaries or Affiliates
		Names of all insurers and parent, subsidiaries or affiliates, insurance and non-insurance, in the insurance holding company system.
		Each company within the group may be listed more than once if control is not 100%.
		For example, if Company A is 50% controlled by Company B and 50% controlled by Company C, Company A would be listed twice with detail about Company B's control in Columns 10-15 on the first line and detail about Company C's control in Columns 10-15 on the second line.
Column 9	-	Domiciliary Location
		Report the two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.
Column 10	-	Relationship to Reporting Entity
		Use the most applicable of the following codes to describe the relationship of the entity in Column 8 to the reporting entity for which the filing is made.
		Relationship Codes:
	UDP	= Upstream Direct Parent
	UIP	= Upstream Indirect Parent
	DS	= Downstream Subsidiary
	IA	= Insurance Affiliate
	NA	= Non-Insurance Affiliate
	OTH	= Other (explain relationship in the footnote line)
	RE	= Reporting Entity

Column 11	<p>Directly Controlled by (Name of Entity/Person)</p> <p>Name of the person/entity that directly controls the entity listed in Column 8.</p> <p>As defined in the <i>Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act</i> (#440), the term "control" (including the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, ten percent (10%) or more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by Section 4K that control does not exist in fact. The commissioner may determine, after furnishing all persons an interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support the determination that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.</p>
	<p>Refer to SSAP 25—<i>Affiliates and Other Related Parties</i>.</p>
Column 12	<p>Type of Control (Ownership, Board, Management, Attorney-in-Fact, Influence)</p> <p>Type of control the entity in Column 11 has over the entity in Column 8.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ownership • Board of Directors • Management • Attorney In-Fact • Influence • Other
Column 13	<p>If Control is Ownership, Provide Percentage</p> <p>If the control the entity in Column 11 has over the entity in Column 8 is ownership, then provide the percentage of ownership. If control is not ownership, report zero. (Format such that 100.0% is shown as 100.0.)</p>
Column 14	<p>Ultimate Controlling Entity(ies)/Person(s)</p> <p>Name of the Ultimate Controlling Entity(ies)/Person(s).</p> <p>As defined in the <i>Insurance Holding Company System Model Regulation</i> (#450), the "ultimate controlling person" is defined as that person which is not controlled by any other person.</p>
Column 15	<p>Is an SCA Filing Required? (Y/N)</p> <p>Answer yes (Y) or no (N) if a SCA (Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated) SUB 1 (initial) or SUB 2 (annual) filing with the NAIC is required per SSAP No. 97—<i>Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities, and Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office</i>, Part Five, Section 2 for the entity in Column 8</p>

Column 16 – *

Using the footnote lines at the bottom of the schedule, provide any footnotes or explanations of intercompany relationships. Insert the footnote line number in Column 16.

Where interrelationships are a 50%/50% ownership, footnote any voting rights preferences that one of the entities may have.

** Column 17 will be electronic only. **

Column 17 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

SCHEDULE Y

PART 2 – SUMMARY OF INSURER'S TRANSACTIONS WITH ANY AFFILIATES

This schedule was designed to provide an overview of transactions among insurance holding company system members. It is intended to demonstrate the scope and direction of major fund and/or surplus flows throughout the system. This schedule should be prepared on an accrual basis.

All insurer and reporting entity members of the holding company system shall prepare a common schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Provisions, Part 1, Question 1.1.

Include transactions between insurers; and between insurers and non-insurers within the holding company system. Exclude transactions between non-insurers that do not involve an affiliated insurer. Include all reinsurance dividends, capital contributions and reinsurance recoverable (payable), Columns 4, 5 and 13, respectively, and transactions involving one-half of one percent or more of the largest insurer's admitted assets as of December 31. Exclude transactions of a non-insurer with an affiliated insurance company that are of a routine nature (e.g., the purchase of insurance coverage).

Transactions among holding company system members should only be reported for the portion of the year in which each company to the transaction was a member of the holding company system. For example, if a member of a holding company system is sold to a party who is not a member of the system on June 30, transactions that occur prior to June 30 between that company and members of the holding company system should be included on Schedule Y, Part 2, Summary of Insurer's Transactions With Any Affiliates. Those transactions that occur on or after June 30 should be reported on Schedule Y, Part 2 of the holding company system that acquired the insurer.

Report the aggregate amount of transactions for the reporting period within each category for both the payor and recipient of each transaction. If the insurer is both a payor and a recipient of amounts in any category, the net of these amounts should be reported on one line. Amounts of transactions that result in an increase in surplus should be shown as positive figures; and, transactions that result in a decrease in surplus should be reported enclosed in parentheses as negative figures. The total of each column is expected to be zero.

Refer to SSAP No. 25—*Affiliates and Other Related Parties* for accounting guidance.

If the nature of the transactions reported in Schedule Y, Part 2 requires explanation, report such in an explanatory note immediately following Schedule Y, Part 2.

Column 2 — ID Number

Enter one of the following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) General Instructions for more information on these identification numbers.

Federal Employer Identification Number	(FEIN)
Alien Insurer Identification Number	(AIIN) *
Certified Reinsurer Identification Number	(CRIN) *

* AIIN or CRIN numbers are only reported if the entity in Column 3 is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number assigned or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) of another entity regardless of whether the entity in Column 3 is part of reporting entity's group or not.

If not applicable for the entity in Column 3, leave blank.

Column 3	-	Names of Insurers and Parent, Subsidiaries or Affiliates
		Each company will be represented by a single line containing the net amount of all transactions.
Column 5	-	Capital Contributions
	Include:	Surplus notes.
Column 7	-	Income/(Disbursements) Incurred in Connection with Guarantees or Undertakings for the Benefit of any Affiliate(s)
	Exclude:	Contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities should be disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.
Column 8	-	Management Agreements and Service Contracts
	Include:	All revenues/expenditures under management agreements, service contracts, etc.
		Contracts for services provided by the insurer or purchased by the insurer from other affiliates.
		All income tax amounts resulting from intercompany tax-sharing arrangements.
		All compensation under agreements with affiliated brokers and reinsurance intermediaries.
	Exclude:	Any amounts reportable under Column 9.
Column 9	-	Income/(Disbursements) Incurred Under Reinsurance Agreements
	Include:	Experience rating refunds.
	Exclude:	Pooling agreement amounts.
		List the pooling percentage and the name of each insurer in each pool in an explanatory note in the space following Schedule Y, Part 2.
Column 10	-	* Column
		Place an "*" in this column to indicate insurers that participate in a pooling agreement with affiliated insurers.
Column 11	-	Any Other Material Activity not in the Ordinary Course of the Insurer's Business
	Include:	Intercompany loans, to the extent that these loans are not repaid at year-end.
	Exclude:	Those transactions that are of a routine nature (e.g., the purchase of insurance coverage and cost allocation transactions that are based upon Generally Accepted Accounting Principles).

Column 13 — Reinsurance Recoverable/(Payable) on Losses and/or Reserve Credit Taken/(Liability)

The purpose of this column is to show the net effect on surplus of reinsurance transactions with affiliates, and should represent the net (ceded less assumed) of the following amounts from Schedule F (P&C, Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and other reporting entity), as appropriate:

Property/Casualty – Schedule F, Parts 1 and 3, affiliated amounts only

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Paid Losses —

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Column 43 and Schedule F, Part 1, Column 6 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Unpaid Losses —

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Columns 9 through 12 minus Schedule F, Part 1, Column 7 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Unearned Premiums —

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Column 13 multiplied by 1000 plus Schedule F, Part 1, Column 11 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Title – Schedule F, Parts 1 and 2, affiliated amounts only

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Paid Losses —

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 1, Column 7 and Schedule F, Part 2, Column 8 (Affiliates only).

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Unpaid Losses —

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 1, Column 8 and Schedule F, Part 2, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Life, Health and Fraternal – Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1; Part 1, Section 2; Part 2; Part 3, Section 1 and Part 3, Section 2; affiliated amounts only

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Paid and Unpaid Losses —

Should agree with Schedule S, Part 2, Columns 6 and 7 minus the sum of Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, Column 11 and Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 11 (Affiliates only).

Reserve Credit Taken (Liability) —

Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 1, Column 9 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Unearned Premiums —

Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Column 9 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Reserve Credit Taken (Liability) Other Than for Unearned Premiums —

Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Column 10 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 10 (Affiliates only).

Not for Distribution

INVESTMENT SCHEDULES GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS
(Applies to all investment schedules)

The following definitions apply to the investment schedules.

SAP Book Value (Defined in Glossary of *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*):

Original Cost, including capitalized acquisition costs and accumulated depreciation, unamortized premium and discount, deferred origination and commitment fees, direct write-downs, and increase/decrease by adjustment.

SAP Carrying Value (Defined in Glossary of *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*):

The SAP Book Value plus accrued interest and reduced by any valuation allowance (IF APPLICABLE) and any nonadmitted adjustment applied to the individual investment. Carrying Value is used in the determination of impairment.

Adjusted Carrying Value:

Carrying Value amount adjusted to remove any accrued interest and to add back any of the following amounts: individual nonadmitted amounts, individual valuation allowances (IF APPLICABLE), and aggregate valuation allowance (IF APPLICABLE). In effect, this is equivalent to the definition of SAP Book Value (not to be confused with the old "Book Value" reported in the annual statement blanks for data years 2000 and prior).

Recorded Investment:

The SAP Book Value (Adjusted Carrying Value) plus accrued interest.

The information included in the investment schedules shall be broken down to the level of detail as required when all columns and rows are considered together unless otherwise addressed in specific instructions. For example, on Schedule D Part 4, a reporting entity is required to list the CUSIP book/adjusted carrying value, among other things. The reporting entity would only be required to break this information down to a lower level of detail if the information was inaccurate if reported in the aggregate. Thus, the reporting entity would not be required to break the information down by lot (information for each individual purchase) and could utilize the information for book/adjusted carrying value using an average cost basis, or some other method, provided the underlying data reported in that cell was calculated in accordance with the *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*. However, reporting entities are not precluded from reporting the information at a more detailed level (by lot) if not opposed by their domiciliary commissioner.

"To Be Announced" securities (commonly referred to as TBAs) are to be reported in Schedule D unless the structure of the security more closely resembles a derivative, as defined within *SSAP No. 86—Derivatives*, in which case the security should be reported on Schedule DR. The exact placement of TBAs in the investment schedules depends upon how a company uses TBA.

For Rabbi Trusts, refer to *SSAP No. 104R—Share-Based Payments* for accounting guidance.

For the Foreign Code columns in Schedules D and DA, the following codes should be used:

- "A" For Canadian securities issued in Canada and denominated in U.S. dollars.
- "B" For those securities that meet the definition of foreign provided in the Supplement Investment Risk Interrogatories and pay in a currency OTHER THAN U.S. dollars.
- "C" For foreign securities issued in the U.S. and denominated in U.S. dollars.
- "D" For those securities that meet the definition of a foreign as provided in the Supplement Investment Risk Interrogatories and denominated in U.S. dollars (e.g., Yankee Bonds or Eurodollar bonds).

Leave blank for those securities that do not meet the criteria for the use of "A", "B", "C" or "D".

Derivatives (Schedule DB); repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements (Schedule DA); and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions (Schedule DL) shall be shown gross when reported in the investment schedules. If these transactions are permitted to be reported net in accordance with SSAP No. 64 *Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities*, the investment schedule shall continue to provide detail of all transactions (g., s), with the net amount from the valid right to offset reflected in the financial statements (pages 2 and 3 of the statutory financial statements). Disclosures for items reported net when a valid right to offset exists including the gross amount, the amount offset and the net amount reported in the financial statements are required per SSAP No. 64 *Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities*.

For the columns that disclose information regarding investments that are not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity, and also including assets loaned to others, the following codes should be used:

LS	-	Loaned or leased to others
RA	-	Subject to repurchase agreement
RR	-	Subject to reverse repurchase agreement
DR	-	Subject to dollar repurchase agreement
DRR	-	Subject to dollar reverse repurchase agreement
C	-	Pledged as collateral - excluding collateral pledged to FHLB
CF	-	Pledged as collateral to FHLB (including assets backing funding agreements)
DB	-	Pledged under an option agreement
DBP	-	Pledged under an option agreement involving "asset transfers with put options"
R	-	Letter stock or otherwise restricted as to sale - excluding FHLB capital stock. (Note: Private placements are not to be included unless specific restrictions as to sale are included as part of the security agreement.)
RF	-	FHLB capital stock
SD	-	Pledged on deposit with state or other regulatory body
M	-	Not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity for multiple reasons
SS	-	Subsequent sale of a security
O	-	Other

The following is the description of the General and Specific Classifications used for reporting the detail lines for bonds and stocks.

General Classifications Bonds Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 26R—*Bonds*, SSAP No. 43R—*Loan-Backed and Structured Securities* and SSAP No. 97—*Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities* for additional guidance.

U.S. Government:

U.S. Government shall be defined as U.S. Government Obligations as defined per the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* Part Two, Section 4:

(i) Filing Exemption for Direct Claims on, or Backed Full Faith and Credit of the United States

“U.S. Government Obligations” means all direct claims (including securities, notes, and leases) on, and the portions of claims that are directly and unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government or its agencies.

“U.S. Government agency” means an instrumentality of the U.S. Government the debt obligations of which are fully guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. This category includes in addition to direct claims on, and the portions of claims that are directly and unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government agencies listed below, claims collateralized by securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government agencies listed below for which a positive margin of collateral is maintained on a daily basis, fully taking into account any change in the insurance company’s exposure to the obligor or counterparty under a claim in relation to the market value of the collateral held in support of that claim.

All Other Governments:

This includes bond investments issued by non-U.S. governments, including bonds of political subdivisions and special revenue. This includes bonds issued by utilities owned by non-U.S. governments and bonds fully guaranteed by non-U.S. governments.

U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed):

General obligations of these entities (NAIC members), as well as bonds issued by utility companies owned by these entities. NAIC membership is composed of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed):

General obligations of cities, counties, townships, etc., as well as bonds issued by utility companies owned by these entities.

U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and All Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Government and Their Political Subdivisions:

Those U.S. government issues not listed in Part Six, Section 2(e) of the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office*, yet included in Part Two, Section 4(c)(ii). This category also includes bonds that are issued by states, territories, possessions and other political subdivisions that are issued for a specific financing project rather than as general obligation bonds.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):

This category includes all non-governmental issues that do not qualify for some other category in Schedule D, Part 1, including privatized (non-government ownership) utility companies. Include Public Utilities.

SVO Identified Funds:

This category includes all Bond Mutual Funds as listed in Part Six, Section 2(h) of the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* and Exchange Traded Funds listed in Part Six, Section 2(i) of the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office*.

Bank Loans

See SSAP No. 26R—*Bonds* for guidance.

Hybrid Securities:

Securities whose proceeds are accorded some degree of equity treatment by one or more of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations and/or which are recognized as regulatory capital by the issuer's primary regulatory authority. Hybrid securities are designed with characteristics of debt and of equity and are intended to provide protection to the issuer's senior note holders. Hybrid securities products are sometimes referred to as capital securities. Examples of hybrid securities include Trust Preferreds, Yankee Tier 1s (with and without coupon step-ups) and debt-equity hybrids (with and without mandatory triggers).

This specifically excludes surplus notes, which are reported in Schedule BA; subordinated debt issues, which have no coupon deferral features; and "Traditional" preferred stock, which are reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1. With respect to preferred stock, traditional preferred stocks exclude, but are not limited to a) U.S. issuers that do not allow tax deductibility for dividends; and b) those issued as preferred stock of the entity or an operating subsidiary, not through a trust or a special purpose vehicle.

Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

Defined by SSAP No. 97—*Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities*.

General Classifications Preferred Stock Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 32—*Preferred Stock* and SSAP No. 97—*Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities*.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):

All unaffiliated preferred stocks. Include Public Utilities, Banks, Trusts and Insurance Companies. This category includes Exchange Traded Funds listed in Part Six, Section 2 of the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office*.

Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

Defined by SSAP No. 97—*Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities*.

General Classifications Common Stock Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 30—*Unaffiliated Common Stock* and SSAP No. 97—*Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities*.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):

All unaffiliated common stocks that are not mutual funds or money market mutual funds. Include Public Utilities, Banks, Trusts and Insurance Companies.

Mutual Funds:

All investments in shares of funds regulated as mutual funds by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. This definition does not include closed funds or hedge funds.

Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

Defined by SSAP No. 97—*Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities*.

General Classifications Cash Equivalents Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 2R—*Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts and Short-Term Investments*.

Money Market Mutual Funds:

All investment in shares of funds regulated as money market mutual funds by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Specific Classifications:

Issuer Obligations:

All bonds not backed by other loans and other assets, whose securities subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 26R—*Bonds*.

Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities:

Those securities directly or indirectly secured by liens on one- to four-family residential properties and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R—*Loan-Backed and Structured Securities*. Includes prime, subprime, Alt-A mortgages, as well as home equity loans and home equity lines of credit.

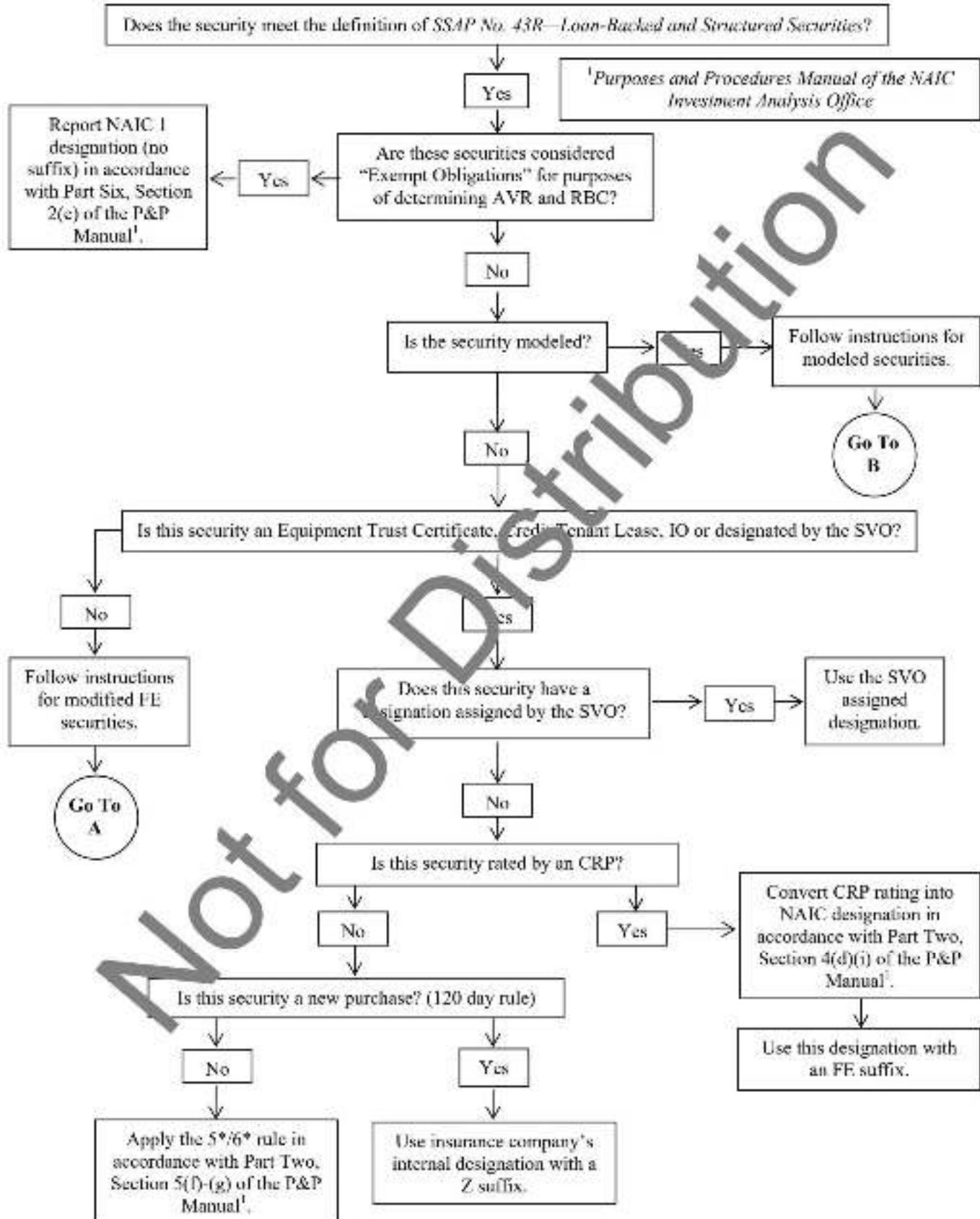
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities:

Those securities directly or indirectly secured by a lien on one or more parcels of commercial real estate with one or more structures located on the real estate and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R—*Loan-Backed and Structured Securities*. Does not include those securities secured by liens on one- to four-family residential properties.

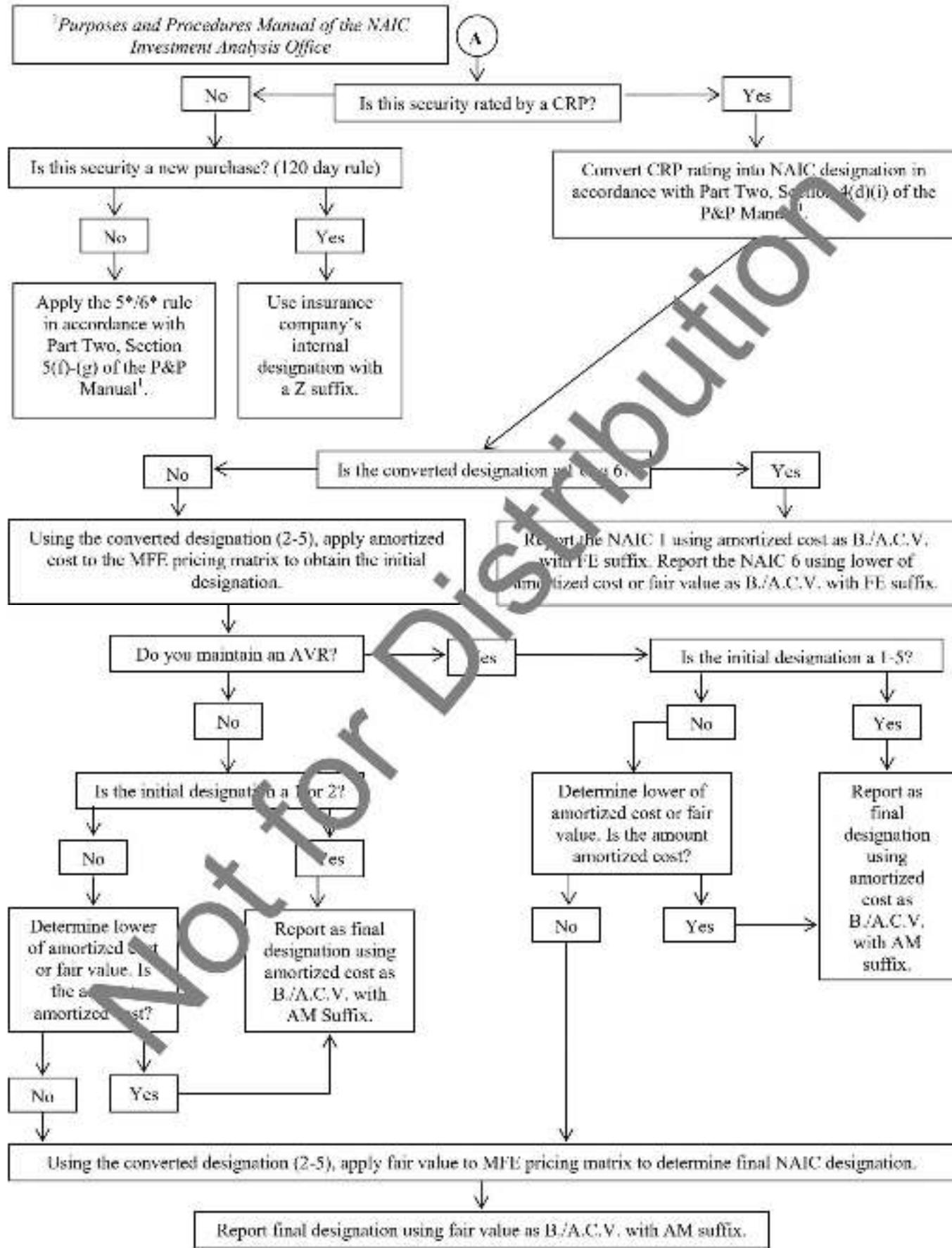
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities:

Those securities subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R—*Loan-Backed and Structured Securities* not included in the definition of Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities or Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.

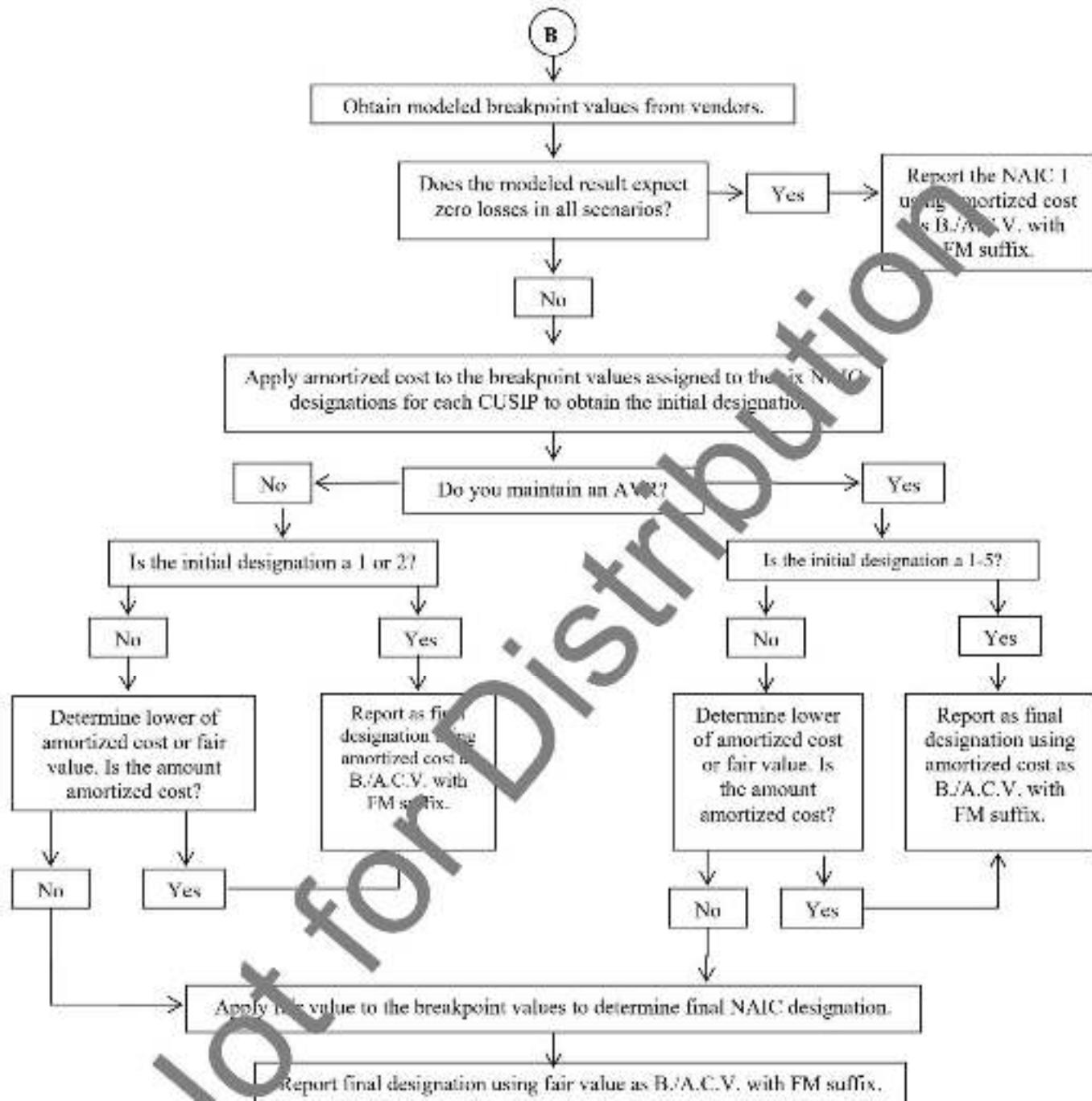
STRUCTURED SECURITIES (SSAP No. 43R LOAN-BACKED AND STRUCTURED SECURITIES) FLOW CHART



SECURITIES SUBJECT TO MODIFIED FILING EXEMPT PROCESS



SECURITIES SUBJECT TO MODELING



STOCK EXCHANGE LIST

This is not a comprehensive list of stock exchanges. If a stock exchange is not listed, refer to www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml. If a stock exchange is not found in one of the sources above, use a description or abbreviation that accurately identifies the exchange.

Abidjan Stock Exchange	CI	Japanese Securities Dealers Association (JASDAQ)	Q
AEX Options and Futures Exchange	E	Johannesburg Stock Exchange	J
ALEX Stock Exchange	AS	Kabu.com PTS	KAB
Alpha Trading Systems	AL	Karachi Stock Exchange	KA
American Stock Exchange	A	Kazakhstan Stock Exchange	KZ
Amman Stock Exchange	AM	Korea Stock Exchange	KS
Australian Stock Exchange	AX	Korean Futures Exchange	KFE
Bahrain Stock Exchange	BH	KOSDAQ (Korea)	KQ
Barcelona Stock Exchange - CATS Feed	MC	Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange	KL
Barcelona Stock Exchange - Floor Trading	BC	Kuwait Stock Exchange	KW
Beirut Stock Exchange	BY	Kyoto Stock Exchange	KY
Belfox	b	Lagos Stock Exchange	LG
Berlin Stock Exchange	BE	Latin American Market Spain (LATIBEX)	LA
Berne Stock Exchange	BN	Le Nouveau Marché	LN
Bilbao Stock Exchange	BI	Lima Stock Exchange	LM
BlockBook ATS	BBK	Lisbon Stock Exchange (Portugal)	LS
Bombay Stock Exchange	BO	London Stock Exchange	L
Boston Stock Exchange	B	Nagoya Stock Exchange	LZ
Botswana Share Market	BT	Luxembourg Stock Exchange	LU
Bremen Stock Exchange	BM	Madras Stock Exchange	MD
Brussels Stock Exchange	BR	Mauritius Stock Exchange - Floor Trading	MA
Cairo and Alexandria Stock Exchange	CA	Mata Stock Exchange	MT
Calcutta Stock Exchange	CI	Mauritius Stock Exchange	MZ
Canadian Ventures Exchange	CV	Medellin Stock Exchange	ML
Channel Islands	CH	Mexican Stock Exchange	MX
Chicago Board Options Exchange	W	Milan Stock Exchange	MI
Chicago Stock Exchange	EW	MONEP Paris Stock Options	P
Chile Electronic Exchange	CE	Montreal Exchange	M
CHI-X Exchange	INS	Moscow Inter Bank Currency Exchange	MM
Cincinnati Stock Exchange	C	Moscow Stock Exchange	MO
Colombia Stock Exchange	CM	Munich Stock Exchange	MU
Copenhagen Stock Exchange	CO	Muscat Stock Exchange	OM
Dehli Stock Exchange	DL	Nagoya Stock Exchange	NG
Doha Securities Market	QA	Nairobi Stock Exchange	NR
Dubai Financial Market	DU	Namibia Stock Exchange	NM
Dubai International Financial Exchange	DI	NASDAQ	OQ
Dusseldorf Stock Exchange	D	NASDAQ Dealers - Bulletin Board	OB
Electronic Stock Exchange of Venezuela	EB	NASDAQ Japan	OJ
Frankfurt Stock Exchange	F	National Stock Exchange of India	NS
Fukuoka Stock Exchange	FU	NewEx (Austria)	NW
Ghana Stock Exchange	GH	New York Stock Exchange	N
Hamburg Stock Exchange	H	New Zealand Stock Exchange	NZ
Hanover Stock Exchange	HA	NYSF Match Point	MP
Helsinki Stock Exchange	HE	Occidente Stock Exchange	OD
Hong Kong Stock Exchange	HK	Osaka Stock Exchange	OS
Iceland Stock Exchange	IC	Oslo Stock Exchange	OL
Interbolsa (Portugal)	IN	Pacific Stock Exchange	P
International Securities Exchange (ISE)	Y	Paris Stock Exchange	PA
Irish Stock Exchange	I	Philadelphia Stock Exchange	PH
Istanbul Stock Exchange	IS	Philadelphia Stock Exchange Options	X
Jakarta Stock Exchange	JK	Phillipine Stock Exchange	PS

Pink Sheets (National Quotation Bureau)	PNK	Sydney Futures Exchange	SIE
Prague Stock Exchange	PR	Taiwan OTC Securities Exchange	TWO
Pure Trading	PT	Taiwan Stock Exchange	TW
RASDAQ (Romania)	RQ	Tallinn Stock Exchange	TL
Riga Stock Exchange	RI	Tel Aviv Stock Exchange	TA
Rio de Janeiro OTC Stock Exchange (SOMA)	SO	Thailand Stock Exchange	BK
Russian Trading System	RTS	Third Market	TH
Santiago Stock Exchange	SN	Tokyo Commodity Exchange	TCE
Sao Paulo Stock Exchange	SA	Tokyo Financial Futures Exchange	TF
Sapporo Stock Exchange	SP	Tokyo Stock Exchange	T
Saudi Stock Exchange	SE	Toronto Options Exchange	K
SBI Japannext	JNX	Toronto Stock Exchange	TO
SBI Stock Exchange (Sweden)	SBI	Tradepoint Stock Exchange	TP
Shanghai Stock Exchange	SS	Tunis Stock Exchange	TN
Shenzhen Stock Exchange	SZ	Turquoise	TQ
Singapore Exchange - Derivatives	SIM	Ukraine PFTS	PFT
Singapore Stock Exchange	SI	Valencia Stock Exchange	VA
St. Petersburg Stock Exchange	PE	Vienna Stock Exchange	VI
Stockholm Stock Exchange	ST	Vilnius Stock Exchange	VL
Stuttgart Stock Exchange	SG	virt-x	VX
Surabaya Stock Exchange	SU	Xetra	DE
SWX Quotematch AG	QMH	Zagreb Stock Exchange	ZA
SWX Swiss Exchange	S	Zimbabwe Stock Exchange	ZI

Not for Distribution

SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE

This schedule was developed to assist regulators in identifying and analyzing the risks inherent in a portfolio of securities as well as identifying the differences in valuation and admission between those practices prescribed or permitted by the state of domicile and those set forth in the NAIC *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*. This schedule includes only those assets from the general account. The line captions were developed with the intention of grouping securities with common risk characteristics together. These groupings were determined based upon a review of schedules within the NAIC Annual Statement and the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for A Bank With Domestic and Foreign Offices (FFIEC 031, also known as the "Call Report").

Column 1	-	Gross Investment Holdings – Amount	
This column represents the admitted value of an asset determined by applying the valuation procedures and admission criteria of the NAIC <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> .			
Column 2	-	Gross Investment Holdings – Percentage	
Amount represents the percentage of the individual Column 1 line item to the Total Invested Assets amount presented in Column 1, Line 12.			
Column 3	-	Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement – Amount	
This column represents the admitted value of an asset determined by applying the valuation procedures and admission criteria prescribed or permitted by the state of domicile (i.e., the basis of admitted assets reported in the Annual Statement). A variation between the amounts in Column 1 and Column 3 would indicate that a reporting entity valued or admitted an asset differently under its state law than it would have under the NAIC <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> . An example includes a case where an entity was required to nonadmit an asset under its state investment law but was not required to nonadmit under the NAIC <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> because there are no investment limits within the Manual. Another example includes a case where an entity was not able to admit an asset under the NAIC <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> (i.e., it did not meet the requirements of SSAP No. 1—Assets and Nonadmitted Assets) but was able to admit the asset under the basket clause within the state investment law.			
Column 4	-	Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement – Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Amount	
This column represents Schedule DL, Part I (Page 2, Line 10) reflected in their respective investment categories.			
Line 12, Total Invested Assets should equal Column 3, Line 9, Securities Lending.			
Column 5	-	Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement – Total Amount	
For Lines 1 through 8, Line 10 and Line 11, Column 5 should equal Column 3 plus Column 4.			
For Line 12, Column 5 should equal Column 3, Line 12 plus Column 4, Line 12 minus Column 3, Line 9.			
Column 6	-	Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement – Percentage	
Amount represents the percentage of the individual Column 5 line item to the Total Invested Assets amount presented in Column 5, Line 12.			

Line 1.1	U.S. Treasury Securities
	<p>Include: The value of all U.S. Treasury securities.</p> <p>All bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, and bonds, including those issued under the Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) program and those that are "inflation-indexed."</p>
	<p>Exclude: All obligations of U.S. Government agencies.</p> <p>Detached Treasury security coupons and ex-coupon Treasury securities held as the result of either their purchase or stripping of such securities and variations of coupon stripping that have been marketed with names such as CATS (Certificates of Accrual on Treasury Securities), TIGR (Treasury Investment Growth Receipts), COUGAR (Certificates on Government Receipts), LION (Lehman Investment Opportunity Notes), and ETI (Ex-Treasury Receipts).</p>
Line 1.2	U.S. Government Agency Obligations (Excluding Mortgage-Backed Securities)
	<p>Include: The value of all U.S. Government agency obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities).</p> <p>Exclude: All holdings of U.S. Government-issued or -guaranteed mortgage pass-through securities.</p> <p>Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), real estate mortgage investments conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments) issued by U.S. Government agencies and corporations.</p> <p>Participation in pools of Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Title 1 loans, which generally consist of junior lien home improvement loans.</p>
Line 1.21	Issued by U.S. Government Agencies
	<p>Include: The value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have been issued by U.S. Government agencies. For purposes of this schedule, a U.S. Government agency is defined as an instrumentality of the U.S. Government whose debt obligations are fully and explicitly guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Include, among others, debt securities (but not mortgage-backed securities) of the following U.S. Government agencies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Export-Import Bank (Ex-Im Bank) Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) Maritime Administration Small Business Administration (SBA) <p>Small Business Administration (SBA) "Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates," which represent an undivided interest in a pool of SBA-guaranteed portions of loans for which the SBA has further guaranteed the timely payment of scheduled principal and interest payments</p> <p>Participation certificates issued by the Export-Import Bank and the General Services Administration</p>

Line 1.22	-	Issued by U.S. Government-sponsored Agencies
		<p>Include: The value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have been issued by U.S. Government-sponsored agencies. For purposes of this schedule, U.S. Government-sponsored agencies are defined as agencies originally established or chartered by the U.S. Government to serve public purposes specified by the U.S. Congress but whose debt obligations are not explicitly guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Include, among others, debt securities and mortgage-backed bonds (i.e., bonds that are collateralized by mortgages) of the following government-sponsored agencies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac) Federal Farm Credit Banks Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBs) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC or Freddie Mac) Federal Land Banks (FLBs) Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or Fannie Mac) Financing Corporation (IFC) Resolution Funding Corporation (RFCORP) Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) U.S. Postal Service
Line 1.3	-	Non-U.S. Government (Including Canadian Existing Mortgage-Backed Securities)
		<p>Include: The value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have been issued by Foreign Governments (including Canadian obligations). All included are debt securities issued by foreign governmental units and debt securities issued by international organizations such as the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), Inter-American Development Bank, and Asian Development Bank.</p>
Line 1.4	-	Securities Issued by States, Territories and Possessions and Political Subdivisions in the U.S.
		<p>Include: The value of all securities issued by states and political subdivisions in the United States.</p> <p>Exclude: All mortgage-backed securities issued by state and local housing authorities in the U.S. Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), real estate mortgage investments conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments) issued by state and local housing authorities in the U.S.</p>
Line 1.41	-	States, Territories and Possessions General Obligations
		<p>Include: The value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have been issued by U.S. States and Territories. U.S. States and Territories, for purposes of this schedule, include general obligations that are securities whose principal and interest will be paid from the general tax receipts of the NAIC members. NAIC members are composed of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.</p>

Line 1.42	—	Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions and Political Subdivisions General Obligations
	Include:	The value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have been issued by Political Subdivisions of U.S. States, Territories and Political Subdivisions. Political Subdivisions of U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, for purposes of this schedule, include general obligations that are securities whose principal and interest will be paid from the general tax receipts of the Political Subdivision (the counties, municipalities, school districts, irrigation districts, and drainage and sewer districts) of the NAIC members. NAIC members are composed of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.
Line 1.43	—	Revenue and Assessment Obligations
	Include:	The value of all revenue and assessment obligations that are securities whose debt service is paid solely from the revenues of the projects financed by the securities rather than from general tax funds.
Line 1.44	—	Industrial Development and Similar Obligations
	Include:	The value of all industrial development bonds (IDB) and similar obligations. IDBs and similar obligations are issued under the auspices of states or political subdivisions for the benefit of a private party or enterprise where that party or enterprise, rather than the government entity, is obligated to pay the principal and interest on the obligation.
Line 1.5	—	Mortgage-backed Securities (Includes Residential and Commercial MBS)
	Include:	The value of all residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, including mortgage pass-through securities, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), real estate mortgage investment conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments).
	Exclude:	Securities backed by loans extended under home equity lines, (i.e., revolving open-end lines of credit secured by 1-4 family residential properties).
		Bonds issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) that are collateralized by mortgages, (i.e., mortgage-backed bonds, and mortgage-backed bonds issued by non-U.S. Government issuers).
		Participation certificates issued by the Export-Import Bank and the General Services Administration.
		Participation certificates issued by a Federal Intermediate Credit Bank.

Line 1.51	–	Pass-through Securities
		<p>Include: The value of all holdings of mortgage pass-through securities. In general, a mortgage pass-through security represents an undivided interest in a pool that provides the holder with a pro rata share of all principal and interest payments on the residential mortgages in the pool, and includes certificates of participation in pools of residential mortgages. U.S. Government-issued participation certificates (PCs) that represent a pro rata share of all principal and interest payments on a pool of resecuritized participation certificates that, in turn, are backed by residential mortgages, (e.g., FHLMC Giant PCs).</p>
		<p>Exclude: All collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), real estate mortgage investment conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments).</p>
Line 1.511	–	Issued or Guaranteed by GNMA
		<p>Include: The value of all holdings of mortgage pass-through securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA).</p>
		<p>Exclude: Mortgage pass-through securities issued by FNMA and FHLMC.</p>
Line 1.512	–	Issued or Guaranteed by FNMA and FHLMC
		<p>Include: The value of all holdings of mortgage pass-through securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC).</p>
		<p>Exclude: Mortgage pass-through securities that are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA).</p>
Line 1.513	–	All Other
		<p>Include: The value of all holdings of mortgage pass-through securities issued by others (e.g., other depository institutions, insurance companies, state and local housing authorities in the U.S.) that are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government.</p>
Line 1.52	–	CMOs and REMIC's
		<p>Include: The value of all mortgage-backed securities other than pass-through securities. Other mortgage-backed securities include all classes of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) and real estate mortgage investments conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC residuals and similar interests, stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments).</p>
Line 1.521	–	Issued or Guaranteed by GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC, or VA
		<p>Include: The value of all classes of CMOs and REMICs, CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). For purposes of this schedule, also include REMICs issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) in this item.</p>

Line 1.522	-	Issued by Non-U.S. Government Issuers and Collateralized by Mortgage Backed Securities Issued or Guaranteed by Agencies Shown in Line 1.521
	Include:	The value of all classes of CMOs, REMICs, CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage backed securities issued by non-U.S. Government issuers (e.g., other depository institutions, insurance companies, state and local housing authorities in the U.S.) for which the collateral consists of GNMA (Ginnie Mae) pass-throughs, FNMA (Fannie Mae) pass-throughs, FHLMC (Freddie Mac) participation certificates, or other mortgage-backed securities (i.e., classes of CMOs or REMICs, CMO or REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities) issued or guaranteed by FNMA, FHLMC, GNMA, or VA.
Line 1.523	-	All Other
	Include:	The value of all CMOs, REMICs, CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities issued by non-U.S. Government issuers (e.g., other depository institutions, insurance companies, state and local housing authorities in the U.S.) for which the collateral does not consist of GNMA (Ginnie Mae) pass-throughs, FNMA (Fannie Mae) pass-throughs, FHLMC (Freddie Mac) participation certificates, or other mortgage-backed securities (i.e., classes of CMOs or REMICs, CMO or REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities) issued or guaranteed by FNMA, FHLMC, GNMA, or VA.
Line 2	-	Other Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities (Excluding Short-term)
	Include:	The value of all debt securities that cannot properly be reported within Line 1, above. Bond Mutual Funds as identified by the SVO as listed in the <i>Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office</i> , Part Six, Section 7(h) and Exchange Traded Funds listed in the <i>Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office</i> , Part Six, Section 7(i).
Line 2.1	-	Unaffiliated Domestic Securities (Includes Credit Tenant Loans and Hybrid Securities)
	Include:	The value of all unaffiliated domestic debt securities. Unaffiliated domestic debt securities includes but is not limited to bonds, notes, debentures, equipment trust certificates, and commercial paper issued by unaffiliated U.S.-chartered corporations, detached U.S. Government security coupons and ex-coupon U.S. Government securities held as the result of either their purchase or the stripping of such securities, and treasury receipts such as CATS, TIGRs, COUGARS, LIONs, and EIRs.
		Other U.S. issuers not reportable elsewhere within Line 1.
Line 2.2	-	Unaffiliated Non-U.S. Securities (Including Canada)
	Include:	The value of all unaffiliated foreign debt securities. Unaffiliated foreign debt securities include bonds, notes, debentures, equipment trust certificates, and commercial paper issued by unaffiliated non-U.S.-chartered corporations.
Line 2.3	-	Affiliated Securities
	Include:	The value of all affiliated debt securities. Affiliated debt securities include bonds, notes, debentures, equipment trust certificates, and commercial paper issued by affiliated non-U.S.-chartered corporations.

Line 3	Equity Interests
	<p>Include: The value of all investments in mutual funds and other equity securities. Such securities include, but are not limited to, mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Government securities, common stock of the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), preferred stock and unrestricted voting common stock of the Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae), and common stock of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac).</p>
Line 3.1	Investments in Mutual Funds
	<p>Include: Include only mutual funds reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.</p>
Line 3.2	Preferred Stocks
	<p>Include: The value of all investments in the preferred stock of affiliated and unaffiliated entities. Preferred stock which may or may not be publicly traded and may include shares against which exchange traded call options are outstanding include redeemable preferred stock, mandatory sinking fund preferred stock, perpetual preferred stock, including nonredeemable preferred stock and preferred stock redeemable at the option of the issuer. Redeemable preferred stock is defined as preferred stock that must be redeemed by the issuing enterprise or is redeemable at the option of the reporting entity. It includes mandatory sinking fund preferred stock and payment-in-kind (PIK) preferred stock.</p> <p>Exchange Traded Funds noted in the <i>Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office</i>, Part Six, Section 2.</p>
Line 3.3	Publicly Traded Equity Securities (Excluding Preferred Stocks)
	<p>Include: The value of all investments in the equity securities of affiliated and unaffiliated entities. Publicly traded equity securities includes but is not limited to equity securities traded on a public exchange, master limited partnerships trading as common stock and American deposit receipts only if the security is traded on the New York, American, or NASDAQ exchanges, and publicly traded common stock warrants.</p>
Line 3.4	Other Equity Securities
	<p>Include: The value of all equity securities of affiliated and unaffiliated entities not reported in Lines 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.5. Other equity securities includes but is not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Equity securities not traded on a public exchange (e.g., private equities). (2) Master limited partnership common stock not traded on the New York, American, or NASDAQ exchanges.
Line 3.5	Other Equity Interests Including Tangible Personal Property under Lease
	<p>Include: The value of all investments in tangible property under lease.</p>

Include:

The value of all loans secured by real estate. This includes loans secured by residential properties that are guaranteed by the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) and extended, collected, and serviced by a party other than the FmHA, loans secured by properties and guaranteed by governmental entities in foreign countries, participations in pools of Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Title I home improvement loans that are secured by liens (generally, junior liens) on residential properties, and mezzanine real estate loans (as defined in SSAP No. 83—*Mezzanine Real Estate Loans*).

Exclude:

From loans secured by real estate:

Obligations (other than securities and leases) or titles and political subdivisions in the U.S. that are secured by real estate.

All loans and sales contracts indirectly representing other real estate.

Loans to real estate companies, real estate investment trusts, mortgage lenders, and foreign non-governmental entities that specialize in mortgage loan originations and that service mortgages for other lending institutions when the real estate mortgages or similar liens on real estate are not sold to the bank but are merely pledged as collateral.

Bonds issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association or by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation that are collateralized by residential mortgages.

Pooled residential mortgages for which participation certificates have been issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal National Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

Include:

The value of loans secured by real estate made to finance land development (i.e., the process of improving land—laying sewers, water pipes, etc.) preparatory to erecting new structures or the on-site construction of industrial, commercial, residential, or farm buildings. For this item, "construction" includes not only construction of new structures, but also additions or alterations to existing structures and the demolition of existing structures to make way for new structures.

Loans secured by vacant land, except land known to be used or usable for agricultural purposes, such as crop and livestock production.

Loans secured by real estate the proceeds of which are to be used to acquire and improve developed and undeveloped property.

Loans made under Title I or Title X of the National Housing Act that conform to the definition of construction stated above and that are secured by real estate.

Exclude:

Loans to finance construction and land development that are not secured by real estate.

Line 4.2	Agricultural
	<p>Include: The value of loans secured by farmland and improvements thereon, as evidenced by mortgages or other liens. Farmland includes all land known to be used or usable for agricultural purposes, such as crop and livestock production. Farmland includes grazing or pastureland, whether tillable or not and whether wooded or not. Include loans secured by farmland that are guaranteed by the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) or by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and that are extended, serviced, and collected by any party other than FmHA or SBA.</p>
	<p>Exclude: Loans for farm property construction and land development purposes.</p>
Line 4.3	Single Family Residential Properties
	<p>Include: The value of loans secured by real estate as evidenced by mortgages (FHA, FmHA, VA, or conventional) or other liens on nonfarm property containing one to four dwelling units (including vacation homes), or more than four dwelling units if each is separated from other units by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof (e.g., row houses, townhouses, or the like), mobile homes where (a) state laws define the purchase or holding of a mobile home as the purchase or holding of real property and where (b) the loan to purchase the mobile home is secured by that mobile home as evidenced by a mortgage or other instrument on real property, individual or minimum dwelling units and loans secured by an interest in individual cooperative housing units, even if in a building with five or more dwelling units, and housekeeping dwellings with commercial units combined where use is primarily residential and where only one to four family dwelling units are involved.</p>
	<p>Exclude: Loans for one to four family residential property construction and land development purposes. Also exclude loans secured by vacant lots in established single family residential sections or in areas set aside primarily for one to four family homes.</p>
Line 4.4	Multifamily Residential Properties
	<p>Include: The value of all other nonfarm residential loans secured by real estate as evidenced by mortgages (FHA and conventional) or other liens that are not reportable in Line 4.3.</p>
	<p>Nonfarm properties with five or more dwelling units in structures (including apartment buildings and apartment hotels) used primarily to accommodate households on a more or less permanent basis.</p>
	<p>Five or more unit housekeeping dwellings with commercial units combined where use is primarily residential.</p>
	<p>Cooperative-type apartment buildings containing five or more dwelling units.</p>
	<p>Exclude: Loans for multifamily residential property construction and land development purposes. Loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties.</p>

Line 4.5	-	Commercial Loans
	Include:	The value of loans secured by real estate as evidenced by mortgages or other liens on business and industrial properties, hotels, motels, churches, hospitals, educational and charitable institutions, dormitories, clubs, lodges, association buildings, "homes" for aged persons and orphans, golf courses, recreational facilities, and similar properties.
	Exclude:	Loans for nonfarm nonresidential property construction and land development.
Line 5	-	Real Estate Investments
	Include:	Property occupied by the company. (Line 4.1, Column 3, Page 2, Assets)
		Property held for the production of income. (Line 4.2, Column 3, Page 2, Assets)
		Property held for sale. (Line 4.3 Column 3, Page 2, Assets)
		Line 5.1, Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.1, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
		Line 5.2, Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.2, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
		Line 5.3, Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.3, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 6	-	Contract Loans
	Include:	The value of all contract loans.
		Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 6, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 7	-	Derivatives
	Include:	The value of derivatives.
		Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 7, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 8	-	Receivable for Securities
	Include:	The value of receivable for securities.
		Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 9, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 9	-	Securities Lending (Reinvested Collateral Line 10, Asset Page)
	Include:	The value of securities lending.
		Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 10, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 10	-	Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments
	Include:	The value of cash (Schedule E, Part 1), cash equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2 including money market mutual funds) and short-term investments (Schedule DA, Part 1).
Line 11	-	Other Invested Assets
	Include:	The value of all other invested assets that have not been included in Lines 1 to 10 above.
Line 12	-	Total Invested Assets
		Sum of Lines 1 to 11. The amount reported in Column 3 should equal the amount of total invested assets reported in Line 12 Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

SCHEDULE A – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

REAL ESTATE

- Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
Report the book/adjusted carrying value excluding accrued interest of real estate owned as of December 31, of the prior year's statement.
- Line 2.1 – Actual Cost at Time of Acquisitions
Report the actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquired. Do not include additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported on Line 2.2.
- Line 2.2 – Additional Investment Made After Acquisition
On a year-to-date basis, report additions and improvements that increased the investment subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired.
- Line 3 – Current Year Change in Encumbrances
Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year. Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.
- Line 4 – Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
Report the total gain (loss) on disposal of real estate for the year.
- Line 5 – Deduct Amounts Received on Disposals
This is the consideration received on the disposal and should include not only real estate fully disposed but also real estate partially disposed.
- Line 6 – Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
- Line 7 – Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.
- Line 8 – Deduct Current Year's Depreciation
Report the total depreciation for the entire year.
Include:
Depreciation that was recorded on property during the current year that was later classified as property held for sale.
Include the unrealized valuation gain/loss for separate account only
- Line 9 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period
The amount in Line 9 should tie to the Assets Page, Column 1, the sum of all types of real estate included in Lines 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3.

Line 10	-	Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts related to real estate loans. Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
Line 11	-	Statement Value at End of Current Period Report the statement value of real estate owned as of December 31, current year. This should agree with Page 2, Column 3, of the current year's statement.

Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE B – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

MORTGAGE LOANS

- Line 1 – Book Value/Recorded Investment excluding Accrued Interest on December 31 of Prior Year
Report the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued interest) of mortgages owned as of December 31 of the prior year's statement.
- Line 2.1 – Actual Cost at Time of Acquisitions
Report the actual amount loaned for the mortgages at the time the asset was originally acquired. The cost of acquiring the assets includes any additional amounts that are to be capitalized. Accordingly, there may be a premium or discount on such loans resulting from a difference between the amount paid and the principal amount. Do not include additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported on Line 2.2.
- Line 2.2 – Additional Investments Made After Acquisitions
Report additional amounts that increased the mortgage during the year subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired, e.g., increases in the loan. Include write-offs on mortgages that were subsequently disposed during the year.
- Line 3 – Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other
Report the other capitalized past due interest and other items for the year.
- Line 4 – Accrual of Discount
Report the total amount of discount accrued for the year as included in Schedule B, Part 1, Column 10 and Schedule B, Part 3, Column 9. Refer to SSAP No. 37—*Mortgage Loans* for accounting guidance.
- Line 5 – Unrealized Valuation Increases (Decreases)
Report the total amount of noncash increases and decreases in the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued interest) for the year.
Include:
the amount on mortgage loans still owned as of the reporting date and the amount on mortgage loans disposed and reported on Schedule B, Part 3, Column 8.
- Line 6 – Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal
Report the gain (loss) on disposal of mortgages for the year.
- Line 7 – Consideration Received On Disposals
Report amounts received on mortgages disposed during the year.

Line 8	-	Deduct Amortization of Premium and Mortgage Interest Points and Commitment Fees
		Report the total amount of premium, mortgage interest points, and commitment fees amortized for the year as included in Schedule B, Part 1, Column 10 and Schedule B, Part 3, Column 9. Refer to SSAP No. 37— <i>Mortgage Loans</i> for accounting guidance.
Line 9	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change In Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest
		Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Line 10	-	Deduct current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
		Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.
Line 11	-	Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest at End of Current Period
		Report the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued interest) of mortgages owned as of the end of the year.
Line 12	-	Total Valuation Allowance
		Report as a negative number the aggregate outstanding valuation allowance related to impaired loans as set forth in SSAP No. 37— <i>Mortgage Loans</i> .
Line 14	-	Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts
		Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts related to mortgage loans.
		Include: The amount of the nonadmitted that is in excess of any investment limitation.
Line 15	-	Statement Value at End of Current Period
		Report the statement value of mortgages owned as of December 31, current year. This should agree with Page 2, Column 3, of the current year's statement.

SCHEDULE BA – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS

- Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Long-Term Invested Assets Owned, December 31 of Prior Year
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of other long-term invested assets and collateral loans owned as of December 31 prior year shown on Page 2, Column 1 of the prior year's statement.
- Line 2.1 – Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition
Include: The actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquired.
The cost of acquiring the assets including broker's commission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery.
Exclude: Additional expenditures after the time of the initial acquisition or encumbrances or impairments.
- Line 2.2 – Additional Investment Made After Acquisition
Include: The actual cost (including broker's commissions and incidental expenses of affecting delivery) to increase investment in the original assets.
Improvements to the assets subsequent to acquisition.
Activity on investments sold during the year.
- Line 3 – Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other
Report the other capitalized prepayment and other items for the year.
- Line 4 – Accrual of Discount
Report the total amount of discount accrued for the year as included in Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 14 and Schedule BA, Part 3, Column 10.
- Line 5 – Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
Report the total amount of noncash increases and decreases to the book/adjusted carrying value, except for amounts reported on Lines 4, 8 and 9. This includes a valuation allowance as allowed under SSAE No. 37—*Mortgage Loans*.
- Line 6 – Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal
Report the gain (loss) on disposal of other long-term invested assets for the year.

Line 7	-	Deduct Amounts Received on Disposal
		Include: Portions of investments repaid during the year.
		Considerations received on investments disposed during the year are to be included.
Line 8	-	Deduct Amortization of Premium and Depreciation
		Report the total amount of premium amortized during the year and amount of depreciation on any assets that are considered real estate on a look-through basis, as included in Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 14 and Schedule BA, Part 3, Column 10.
		Report the amount of depreciation on any assets that are considered real estate on a look-through basis.
Line 9	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book Value/Adjusted Carrying Value
		Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Line 10	-	Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
		Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.
Line 11	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period
		Report the book/adjusted carrying value of other long-term invested assets owned as of the end of the year.
Line 12	-	Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amount
		Report the adjustment for non-admitted amounts related to long-term invested assets.
		Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
		The amount of any goodwill that exceeds the surplus limitation as described in <i>FASB ASC No. 68—Business Combinations and Goodwill</i> .
Line 13	-	Statement Value at End of Current Period
		Report the statement value of other long-term invested assets owned as of December 31, current year, shown on Page 1, Column 3 of the current year's statement.

SCHEDULE D – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

BONDS AND STOCKS

- Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Bonds and Stocks, December 31 of Prior Year
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of Bonds and Stocks owned as of December 31 on Schedule D, Verification Between Years, of the prior year's annual statement.
- Line 2 – Cost of Bonds and Stocks Acquired
Report the actual cost to acquire bonds and stocks for the year. The cost of acquiring the investment should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*.
- Line 3 – Accrual of Discount
Report the total amount of discount accrued for the year, including the amount on bonds and stocks still owned as of the reporting date and reported on Schedule D, Part 1, Column 13 and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 16, and the amount on bonds and stocks disposed in the current year and reported on Schedule D, Part 4, Column 12.
- Line 4 – Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
Report the total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for the year.
- Line 5 – Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
Report the profit (loss) on sales of bonds and stocks for the year.
- Line 6 – Deduct Consideration for Bonds and Stocks Disposed of During the Year
Report the total consideration received on bonds and stocks for the year.
- Line 7 – Deduct Amortization of Premium
Report the total amount of premium amortized for the year, including the amount on bonds and stocks still owned as of the reporting date and reported on Schedule D, Part 1, Column 13 and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 16, and the amount on bonds and stocks disposed in the current year and reported on Schedule D, Part 4, Column 12.
- Line 8 – Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
- Line 9 – Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.
- Line 10 – Total Investment Income Recognized as a Result of Prepayment Penalties and/or Acceleration Fees
Report only the total investment income recognized, using the information recorded in Schedule D, Part 4, Column 20, for bonds and stocks that were sold, disposed or otherwise redeemed during the year, as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee. Line 10 should equal Note 5, Line 5R(2).

Line 11	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period
The amount in Line 11 should tie to the Assets Page, Column 1, the sum of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1 and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.	
Line 12	Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts
Include:	The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
	The amount of any goodwill that exceeds the surplus limitation as described in <i>SSAP No. 68—Business Combinations and Goodwill</i> .
Line 13	The amount to be reported here should tie to the Assets Page, Column 2, the sum of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1, and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.
Line 13	Statement Value of Bonds and Stocks, Current Period
	This amount should tie to the Assets Page, Column 3, the sum of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1, and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

SCHEDULE D – SUMMARY BY COUNTRY

LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Enter summarized amounts in the appropriate columns by the specified major classifications, subdividing into United States, Canada, and Other Countries where applicable. For purposes of this schedule, investments in Other Countries are considered Foreign Investments. For the definition of Foreign Investment, and Domestic Investment, see instructions to the Supplemental Investment Risk Interrogatories.

Column 2	-	Fair Value
For certain bonds, values other than actual market may appear in this column. (See Schedule D, Part 1 instructions for details.)		
	Exclude:	Accrued interest.
Column 3	-	Actual Cost
Include: Brokerage and other related fees, to the extent they do not exceed the fair market value at the date of acquisition.		
	Exclude:	Accrued interest.
Lines 8 through 11	-	Bonds – Industrial and Miscellaneous, SVO Identified Funds, Bank Loans and Hybrid Securities (Unaffiliated)
Include: Bond Mutual Funds – as identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO reported in Schedule D, Part 1.		
Bank Loans		
Line 13	-	Total Bonds
Columns 1, 2, 3, and 4, should agree with Columns 11, 9, 7 and 10, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 1.		
Column 1 should equal Column 1, Line 1 of the assets page.		
Lines 14 through 17	-	Preferred Stocks – Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Include: Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1.		
Line 19	-	Total Preferred Stocks
Columns 1, 2 and 3 should agree with Columns 8, 10 and 11, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1.		
Column 1 should equal Column 1, Line 2.1 of the assets page.		
Lines 20 through 23	-	Common Stocks – Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Include: Mutual funds reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.		
Line 25	-	Total Common Stocks
Columns 1, 2 and 3 should agree with Columns 6, 8 and 9, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.		
Column 1 should equal Column 1, Line 2.2 of the assets page.		

SCHEDULE D – PART 1A – SECTION 1

QUALITY AND MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF ALL BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 BY MAJOR TYPE AND NAIC DESIGNATION

The schedule summarizes the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of all bond holdings, including those in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2 by quality, designation, maturity and bond categories. Include short-term and cash equivalent bonds in the category that most closely resembles their credit risk.

The maturity category for a particular holding is determined by the following criteria:

- a. Serial issues and mandatory fixed prepayment obligations valued on an amortizable basis may be distributed based on the par value of each scheduled repayment date and the final installment and adjusted for any discount or premium. Such holdings reported at market may be distributed based on market value by applying market rate to each scheduled repayment.
- b.
 - (i) Mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities (these securities are considered loan-backed securities and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R, *Loan-Backed and Structured Securities*) should be distributed based on the anticipated future prepayment cash flows used to value the security.
 - (ii) Other bonds with optional prepayment provisions should be distributed based on the expected future prepayments used to value the security.
 - (iii) Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO (as described in the Investment Vehicles General Instructions) should be reported in Column 6, "No Maturity Date" in Section 9, "SVO Identified Funds." Only funds reported in Section 9 would be reported in Column 6.
- c. Place all holdings in default as to principal or interest in the "Over 20 years" category in the absence of definitive information as to final settlement. Perpetual bonds should also be included in this category.
- d. Consider obligations without maturity date and payable on demand to be due within one year if in good standing. Otherwise, include in the "Over 20 years" category, or earlier if justifiable.

There are 14 sections to this schedule: Sections 1 through 10 for each of the 10 bond categories, Section 11 for total bonds current year, Section 12 for total bonds prior year, Section 13 for total bonds publicly traded and Section 14 for total bonds privately placed. The 10 bond categories combine corresponding subtotals from Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule DA, Part 1; and Schedule E, Part 2 as follows, and for each of those 10 bond categories, the total line for Column 7 of each section should equal the sum of the subtotal lines shown below:

Section 1. U.S. Governments

Line 0599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 0599999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 0599999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 2. All Other Governments

Lines 1099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 3. U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 1799999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 4.	U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed
	Lines 2499999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 5.	U.S. Special Revenue & Special Assessment Obligations, etc., Non-Guaranteed
	Lines 3199999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and in Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 6.	Industrial & Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
	Line 3899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 3899999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 3899999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 7.	Hybrid Securities
	Lines 4899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 8.	Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
	Lines 5599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 9.	SVO Identified Funds
	Lines 6099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 10.	Bank Loans
	Lines 6599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

The quality designation used is the "NAIC Designation" that appears with each bond as listed in the *Valuations of Securities*. Include short-term and cash equivalent bonds in the category that most closely resembles their credit risk. For each Section 1 through 14, seven lines of information are shown, which are numbered in a format "X.Y" where the number "X" is the number of the section and the number "Y" is the order of the line within the section. The lines within each section are categorized as follows for Section 1:

X.1	Highest Quality	(NAIC 1)
X.2	High Quality	(NAIC 2)
X.3	Medium Quality	(NAIC 3)
X.4	Low Quality	(NAIC 4)
X.5	Lower Quality	(NAIC 5)
X.6	In default	(NAIC 6)
X.7	Total for section	

Column 11 is to contain publicly traded securities; i.e., those securities that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the *Valuations of Securities*. Any securities outside the CUSIP/PPN/CINS coding system will be considered to be publicly traded for Annual Statement purposes (e.g., short-term investments). Exclude bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144.

Column 12 is to contain privately placed securities as identified with Private Placement Numbers (PPN) in the *Valuations of Securities*. A PPN can be differentiated by the presence of a *, #, or @ sign appearing in either the sixth, seventh or eighth digit of the nine-digit CUSIP-like number. Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the *Valuations of Securities*.

Column 12 Footnote

Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A.

Include bonds that are freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 (e.g., that are presently held by, and for the immediately preceding three year period have been held by, persons unrelated to the issuer); however, there shall be excluded any such security containing a contractual restriction against resale (a "right of first refusal" provision is not considered a restriction against resale).

Footnote (d)

| Provide the total book/adjusted carrying value amount reported in Section 11, Column 1 by NAIC designation that represents the amount of securities reported in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2.

The sum of the amounts by NAIC designation (NAIC 1, NAIC 2, NAIC 3, NAIC 4, NAIC 5 and NAIC 6) reported in the footnote should equal the sum of Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7, Lines 8399999 plus Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7, Line 8399999.

SCHEDULE D – PART IA – SECTION 2

MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF ALL BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 BY MAJOR TYPE AND SUBTYPE

The schedule summarizes the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of all bond holdings, including those in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2 by maturity, major bond categories and the subcategories of issuer obligations, and mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities.

The maturity category for a particular holding is determined by the following criteria:

- a. Serial issues and mandatory fixed prepayment obligations valued on an amortizable basis may be distributed based on the par value of each scheduled repayment date and the final installment and adjusted for any discount or premium. Such holdings reported at market may be distributed based on market value by applying market rate to each scheduled repayment.
- b.
 - (i) Mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities (these securities are considered loan-backed securities and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 4, *Loan-Backed and Structured Securities*) should be distributed based on the anticipated future prepayment cash flows used to value the security.
 - (ii) Other bonds with optional prepayment provisions should be distributed based on the expected future prepayments used to value the security.
 - (iii) Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO (as described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions) should be reported in Column 6, "No Maturity Date" in Section 9, "VO Identified Funds." Only funds reported in Section 9 would be reported in Column 6.
- c. Place all holdings in default as to principal or interest in the "Over 20 years" category in the absence of definitive information as to final settlement. Perpetual bonds should also be included in this category.
- d. Consider obligations without a maturity date and payable on demand to be due within one year if in good standing. Otherwise, include in the "Over 20 years" category, or earlier if justifiable.

There are 14 sections to this schedule: Sections 1 through 10 for each of the 10 bond categories, Section 11 for total bonds current year, Section 12 for total bonds prior year, Section 13 for total bonds publicly traded and Section 14 for total bonds privately placed. The 10 bond categories contain corresponding subtotals from Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule DA, Part 1; and Schedule E, Part 2 as follows, and for each of those 10 bond categories, the total line for Column 7 of each section should equal the sum of the subtotal lines shown below:

Section 1. U.S. Governments

Line 0595-09 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 0599999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 0595-09 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 2. All Other Governments

Line 1099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 3. U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 1799999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 4. U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 2499999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 5.	U.S. Special Revenue & Special Assessment Obligations, etc. Non-guaranteed Lines 3199999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 6.	Industrial & Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Line 3899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 3899999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 3899999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 7.	Hybrid Securities Lines 4899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 8.	Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Lines 5599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 9.	SVO Identified Funds Lines 6099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule D, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.
Section 10.	Bank Loans Lines 6599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

For each major section the following subgroups, which are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, shall be presented by maturity category:

Sections 1 through 8:

- Issuer Obligations
- Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities

Section 9:

- Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO
- Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO

Section 10:

- Bank Loans – Issued
- Bank Loans – Acquired

Sections 11 through 14:

- Issuer Obligations
- Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities
- SVO Identified Funds
- Bank Loans

Column 11 is to contain publicly traded securities; i.e., those securities that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the *Valuations of Securities*. Any securities outside the CUSIP/PPN/CINS coding system will be considered to be publicly traded for annual statement purposes (e.g., short-term investments). Exclude bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144.

Column 12 is to contain privately placed securities as identified with Private Placement Numbers (PPN) in the *Valuations of Securities*. A PPN can be differentiated by the presence of a *, #, or @ sign appearing in either the sixth, seventh or eighth digit of the nine-digit CUSIP-like number. Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the *Valuations of Securities*.

Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE DA – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Report the aggregate amounts required by type of short-term investment asset. The categories of assets to be reported are: bonds; mortgage loans; other short-term investment assets; and investments in parent, subsidiaries and affiliates. A grand total of all activity is also required.

Column 1 – Total

Equals the sum of Columns 2 through 5.

Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year

In Column 1, report the book/adjusted carrying value per Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7 of the prior year's annual statement.

Line 2 – Cost of Short-Term Investments Acquired

Report the aggregate cost of short-term investments acquired during the year. A reporting entity may summarize all "overnight" transactions and report the net amount as an increase in short-term investments on this line; all other transactions shall be recorded gross.

Line 3 – Accrual of Discount

In Column 1, report the total amount of accrued discount during the year. The accrual of discount should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*.

Line 4 – Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)

Report the total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for the year.

Line 5 – Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals

In Column 1, report the profit (loss) on disposal of short-term investments.

Line 6 – Deduct Consideration Received on Disposals of Short-Term Investments

Report the proceeds received on disposal of short-term investments. A reporting entity may summarize all "overnight" transactions and report the net amount as a decrease in short-term investments on this line; all other transactions shall be recorded gross.

Line 7 – Deduct Amortization of Premium

In Column 1, report the total amount of amortization of premium during the year. The amortization of premium should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*.

Line 8 – Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

In Column 1, report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

Line 9 – Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.

- Line 10 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, Current Year
Column 1 equals Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7, Total.
- Line 11 – Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts
In Column 1, report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts as of the end of the current period.
Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
- Line 12 – Statement Value at End of Current Period
In Column 1, report the statement value of as of the end of the current period. This amount should tie to the Assets Page, Line 5, inset for short-term investments.

Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE DB – PART A VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

OPTIONS, CAPS, FLOORS, COLLARS, SWAPS and FORWARDS

The purpose of this schedule is to roll the information reported on Schedule DB, Part A, Sections 1 and 2 from the prior year to the end of the current reporting year.

- Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
- Line 2 – Cost Paid/(Consideration Received) on Additions
- Line 2.1 – Current Year Paid/(Consideration Received) at Time of Acquisition, Still Open, Section 1 Column 12.
- Line 2.2 – Current Year Paid/(Consideration Received) at Time of Acquisition, Terminated, Section 2 Column 14
- Line 3 – Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)
- Line 3.1 – Section 1, Column 17
- Line 3.2 – Section 2, Column 19
- Line 4 – Total Gain (Loss) on Termination Recognized, Section 2, Column 22
- Line 5 – Considerations Received/(Paid) on Terminations, Section 2, Column 15
- Line 6 – Amortization
- Line 6.1 – Section 1, Column 19
- Line 6.2 – Section 2, Column 21
- Line 7 – Adjustment to Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Hedged Item
- Line 7.1 – Section 1, Column 20
- Line 7.2 – Section 2, Column 23
- Line 8 – Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
- Line 8.1 – Section 1, Column 18
- Line 8.2 – Section 2, Column 20
- Line 9 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period ($1 + 2 - 3 + 4 - 5 + 6 + 7 + 8$)
- Line 10 – Deduct Nonadmitted Assets
- Line 11 – Statement Value at End of Current Period ($9 - 10$)

SCHEDULE DB – PART B – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

FUTURES CONTRACTS

- Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
Show the total from the prior year. For purposes of this schedule, positive amounts should be reported for assets, and negative amounts should be reported for liabilities.
- Line 2 – Cumulative Cash Change
Show the cash that the company received (paid) as initial margin for entering the futures contracts (Section 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote – Cumulative Cash Change Column).
- Line 3.11 & 3.12 – Change in the Variation Margin on Open Contracts – Highly Effective Hedges
Report the change in the variation margin on open contracts between years. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the current year.
- Line 3.13 & 3.14 – Change in the Variation Margin on Open Contracts – All Other
Report the change in the variation margin on open contracts between years. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the current year.
- Line 3.21 & 3.22 – Change in adjustment to basis of hedged item
Report the change in variation margin on open contracts between years that were adjusted into the hedged item(s). Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the current year.
- Line 3.23 & 3.24 – Change in amount recognized
Report the change in variation margin on open contracts between years that were recognized. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the current year.
- Line 3.3 – Subtotal the change in variation margin on open contracts used to adjust hedged item(s) and recognized less the total change in variation margin on open contracts.
- Line 4.1 – Report the cumulative variation margin on contracts terminated during the year.
- Line 4.21 – Report the amount of gain (loss) adjusted into the hedged item(s) from terminated contracts during the year.
- Line 4.22 – Report the amount of gain (loss) recognized from terminated contracts during the year.
- Line 4.3 – Subtotal the total gain (loss) on terminated contracts during the year less the total gain (loss) on contracts terminated during the year that were recognized or basis adjusted into the hedged item(s).

Line 5	-	Dispositions of gains (losses) on contracts terminations in the prior years
Line 5.1	-	Total gain (loss) recognized in current year for terminations in the prior year
Line 5.2	-	Total gain (loss) adjusted into the hedged item(s) current year for terminations in the prior year.
		Report the gain (loss) on disposal of the specified derivatives for the current year.
Line 6	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period
		Report the book/adjusted carrying value as of the end of the current period relating other-than-temporary impairments, if any.
Line 7	-	Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts
		Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts related to the specified derivatives as of the end of the current period.
	Include:	The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
Line 8	-	Statement Value at End of Current Period (Line 6 minus Line 7)
		Report the statement value of the specified derivatives as of the end of the current period.

SCHEDULE DB – PART C – SECTION 1**REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC ASSET) TRANSACTIONS (RSATs) OPEN
ON DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR**

Include all RSATs owned December 31 of current year, including those open on December 31 of the previous year, and those acquired during the current year.

Column 1	–	RSAT Number
		Enter the RSAT Number as administered by the CUSIP Division of Standard & Poor's.
Column 2	–	Description of the RSAT
		Enter a complete and accurate description of the RSAT, including a description of the relationship of the Cash Instrument(s) and the Derivative(s) used to produce the replication.
Column 3	–	NAIC Designation or Other Description of the RSAT
		Enter the NAIC Designation or, when the NAIC Designation is not applicable, other description that will best identify the Risk-Based Capital and Asset Valuation Reserve (if applicable) class of the RSAT, as if the RSAT was recorded on the appropriate investment schedule.
Column 4	–	Notional Amount of the RSAT
		Enter the Notional Amount of the RSAT; e.g., the amount on which the interest/coupon accrues.
Column 5	–	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of the RSAT
		Enter the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of the RSAT as if the reporting entity had purchased and accounted for the specified asset. Reporting entities should document the determination of this value. For each individual RSAT indicated in Column 1, report a total of all Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Derivative Instruments plus a total of all Book /Adjusted Carrying Value of the Cash Investment(s). Use formula below for reference:
		Column 10 + Column 15
Column 6	–	Fair Value of the RSAT
		Enter the fair value of the RSAT. Amortized or the Book/Adjusted Carrying values should not be substituted for fair value. For each individual RSAT indicated in Column 1, report a total of all Fair Value of Derivative Instruments Open plus a total of all Fair Value of the Cash Investment(s) Held. Use the formula below for reference:
		Column 11 + Column 16
Column 7	–	Effective Date of the RSAT
		Show the start date of the RSAT.
Column 8	–	Maturity Date of the RSAT
		Show the maturity date of the RSAT.

Column 9	=	Description of Derivative Instruments Open Identify the derivative(s) used in the RSAT (e.g., swap, call option, etc.)
Column 10	=	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Derivative Instrument Open Represents the statement value, with any nonadmitted assets added back. Refer to SSAP No. 86—Derivatives for further discussion.
Column 11	=	Fair Value of Derivative Instrument(s) Open Enter the fair value of derivative instrument(s) open at the end of the period.
Column 12	=	CUSIP of Cash Instrument(s) Held Enter the CUSIP or Investment Number of the Cash Instrument(s) used in the RSAT as the instrument appears on the appropriate investment schedule. (a) CUSIP digits 1-6: Issuer number (b) CUSIP digits 7-8: Exact issue sequence (c) CUSIP digit 9: check digit
Column 13	=	Description of Cash Instrument(s) Held Enter description of the cash instruments used in the RSAT. This description is for reference purposes only, and is not intended to replace the appropriate reporting on other investment schedules. List each cash instrument separately (i.e., do not aggregate cash instruments having the same NAIC Designation).
Column 14	=	NAIC Designation or Other Description of Cash Instrument(s) Held Enter the NAIC Designation, or, when the NAIC Designation is not applicable, other description that will best identify the Risk-Based Capital and Asset Valuation Reserve (if applicable) class of the cash instrument(s) used in the RSAT.
Column 15	=	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Cash Investment(s) Held Represents the statement value, with any nonadmitted assets added back. Refer to SSAP No. 86—Derivatives for further discussion.
Column 16	=	Fair Value of Cash Instrument(s) Held Enter the fair value of cash instrument(s) used in the RSAT.

SCHEDULE DB – PART C – SECTION 2

RECONCILIATION OF REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC ASSET) TRANSACTIONS OPEN

Use this schedule in both the quarterly and annual statements. Companies that are not required to file quarterly statement should leave those columns blank.

Number of Positions

Enter the number of transactions that have unique RSAT numbers.

Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transactions Statement Values

Enter "Statement Value" of the RSAT, as if the reporting entity had purchased and accounted for the specific asset. Companies should document the determination of this value. The values indicated should be the aggregate of the values for all open replication (synthetic asset) transactions.

Line 1 – Beginning Inventory

The number of positions and total replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement value should agree with the previous period's (quarterly or annual) Ending Inventory, Schedule DB, Part C, Section 2. Line 1 of each quarter should be the same as Line 7 of the previous quarter.

Line 2 – Opened or Acquired Transactions

Provide the number of positions opened or acquired and the aggregated replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement values as of the acquisition dates.

Line 3 – Increases in Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value

Enter the aggregate increases in the statement value of replication (synthetic asset) transactions held at any time during the period.

Line 4 – Closed or Disposed of Transactions

Enter the number of positions that were disposed of during the period, with the aggregated replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement values as of the disposition dates.

Line 5 – Positions Disposed of for Failing Effectiveness Criteria

Enter the number of positions that were disposed of during the period because the position was no longer effective. Aggregate the replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement values as of the disposition dates.

Line 6 – Decreases in Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value

Aggregate decreases in the statement value of the replication (synthetic asset) transactions held at any time during the period.

Line 7 – Ending Inventory

Show the net of Line 1 – Line 2 + Line 3 – Line 4 – Line 5 – Line 6.

Year to Date Columns

Line 1 should be the same as the first quarter Line 1. Lines 2 through 6 should be the sum of the quarters, through the end of the quarter being reported. Line 7 – Ending Inventory should be the same as Line 7 of the most recently completed quarter. Number of Positions and Total Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value should agree with the current period's (quarterly or annual) Schedule DB, Part C, Section 2 totals.

SCHEDULE DB – VERIFICATION

BOOK/ADJUSTED CARRYING VALUE, FAIR VALUE AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE OF DERIVATIVES

The purpose of this schedule is to verify the amounts reported in each individual derivative schedule (Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1 and Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1) against those reported in the Counterparty Exposure schedule (Schedule DB, Part D).

BOOK/ADJUSTED CARRYING VALUE CHECK

- Line 1 – Total Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 14.
- Line 2 – Cumulative Variation Margin of highly effective derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1, Column 15 plus Total Ending Cash Balance found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote.
- Line 3 – Grand Total of Book/Adjusted Carrying Value from individual schedules (Lines 1 + 2).
- Line 4 – Total of all positive Book/Adjusted Carrying Value found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 5.
- Line 5 – Total of all negative Book/Adjusted Carrying Value found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 6.
- Line 6 – Grand Total Check for Book/Adjusted Carrying Value (Lines 3 – 4 – 5).

FAIR VALUE CHECK

- Line 7 – Total Fair Value of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 16.
- Line 8 – Total Fair Value of futures contracts found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1 Column 13.
- Line 9 – Grand Total of Fair Value from individual schedules (Lines 7 – 8).
- Line 10 – Total of all positive Fair Value found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 8.
- Line 11 – Total of all negative Fair Value found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 9.
- Line 12 – Grand Total Check for Fair Value (Lines 9 – 10 – 11).

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE CHECK

- Line 13 – Total Potential Exposure of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 21.
- Line 14 – Total Potential Exposure of all futures found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1, Column 20.
- Line 15 – Total Potential Exposure of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 11.
- Line 16 – Grand Total Check for Potential Exposure (Lines 13 + 14 – 15).

SCHEDULE E – PART 2 – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS**CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Column 1	-	Total
		Equals the sum of Columns 2, 3 and 4.
Line 1	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
		In Column 1, report the book/adjusted carrying value per Schedule E, Part 2, Column 6 of the prior year's annual statement.
Line 2	-	Cost of Cash Equivalents Acquired
		Report the aggregate cost of cash equivalents acquired during the year.
Line 3	-	Accrual of Discount
		In Column 1, report the total amount of accrual of discount during the year. The accrual of discount should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> .
Line 4	-	Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
		Report the total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for the year.
Line 5	-	Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
		In Column 1, report the gain (loss) on disposal of cash equivalents.
Line 6	-	Deduct Consideration Received on Disposals
		Report the proceeds received on disposal of cash equivalents.
Line 7	-	Deduct Amortization of Premium
		In Column 1, report the total amount of amortization of premium during the year. The amortization of premium should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> .
Line 8	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
		In Column 1, report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Line 9	-	Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
		Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.
Line 10	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at end of Current Period
		Column 1 equals Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7, Total.

Line 11 = Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

In Column 1, report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts as of the end of the current period.

Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

Line 12 = Statement Value at End of Current Period

In Column 1, report the statement value of as of the end of the current period. This amount should tie to the Assets Page, Line 5, inset for cash equivalents.

Not for Distribution

Not for Distribution

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Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE A – PART 1
REAL ESTATE OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Real estate includes land, buildings and permanent improvements (includes real estate owned under contract of sale). Also include single real estate property wholly owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—*Real Estate Investments*. All other real estate owned indirectly (such as through joint ventures) should be included in Schedule BA. The purpose for this schedule is to report individually each property owned, classified into categories that separately identify properties occupied by the reporting entity, properties held for the production of income, and properties held for sale. Report each Real Estate project under development in the category where it will ultimately reside, (e.g., a project under development that will be owned for the production of income should be reported in properties held for the production of income category). Refer to SSAP No. 40R—*Real Estate Investments* and SSAP No. 90—*Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments* for accounting guidance.

If the reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it must report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

Properties Occupied by the Reporting Entity – Health Care Delivery.....	0199999
Properties Occupied by the Reporting Entity – Administrative*.....	0299999
Total Properties Occupied by the Reporting Entity.....	0399999
Properties Held for the Production of Income	0499999
Properties Held for Sale.....	0599999
Totals	0699999

* Companies not holding health care delivery assets should enter the total for property occupied by the reporting entity on Line 0299999. Exclude all leasehold improvements made by the reporting entity from Schedule A, including Health Care leasehold improvements.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23—*Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations*.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1	—	Description of Property
		Show description of property, (e.g., apartment complex, land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).
Column 2	—	Control Number
		Enter “^” in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.
		Enter “!” in this column for all single real estate property wholly owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R— <i>Real Estate Investments</i> . For LLCs that do not meet criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R— <i>Real Estate Investments</i> , report on Schedule BA.
		If real estate is not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing one of the symbols identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

If the real estate is a single real estate property wholly-owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—*Real Estate Investments* and is not under the exclusive control of the company, the “P” should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the “^” should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (**identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions**).

Column 3	—	City	For properties located in the U.S., list the city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., indicate city or province.
Column 4	—	State	For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.
Column 5	—	Date Acquired	For individual properties, state date property was acquired.
Column 6	—	Date of Last Appraisal	State date of last appraisal.
Column 7	—	Actual Cost	<p>Include: The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title and other amounts such as additions and improvements (at the time of purchase or subsequent) that have been capitalized, less all amounts received for sales of rights or privileges in connection with the property plus any cash recoveries received after acquiring title to the property.</p> <p>For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase or subsequent). Include all amounts expended for taxes, repairs and improvements in excess of the income of the property other than interest, prior to the date of acquiring title.</p> <p>The Actual Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary impairment. Refer to SSAP No. 90—<i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i>, for the effects of impairments on the presentation of cost.</p>
Column 8	—	Amount of Encumbrances	Properties may be mortgaged and the outstanding principal balance, excluding accrued interest, of all liens at December 31 of the current year should be reported in this column.

Column 9	=	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances
	Include:	The actual cost plus capitalized improvements, less depreciation, less encumbrances and net adjustments. For properties held for sale, the net adjustment to book value shall include the estimated costs to sell the property, in accordance with SSAP No. 90— <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> .
	Deduct:	The amount of other-than-temporary impairment write-downs required under SSAP No. 90— <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> .
	Exclude:	Valuation allowance.
Column 10	=	Fair Value Less Encumbrances
		Report the fair value of the property less encumbrances. Discuss in Notes to Financial Statements, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, the basis on which fair value was determined.
Column 11	=	Current Year's Depreciation
		This amount should represent the depreciation expense for the period and shall include any depreciation recorded on a property held for sale.
	Include:	Depreciation that was recorded on property during the current year that was later classified as property held for sale.
		The unrealized valuation gain/loss for separate account only.
Column 12	=	Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
		If the real estate has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.
	Include:	Reductions in fair value on property newly classified as held for sale, in accordance with SSAP No. 90— <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> .
Column 13	=	Current Year's Change in Encumbrances
		Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year. Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.
Column 15	=	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book Adjusted Carrying Value
		Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Column 16	=	Gross Income Earned Less Interest Incurred on Encumbrances
	Include:	Rental income on Home Office property.
Column 17	=	Taxes, Repairs and Expenses Incurred
	Include:	Amounts paid or accrued for taxes, repairs and other related expenses.
	Exclude:	Interest incurred on encumbrances.

**** Columns 18 through 22 will be electronic only. ****

Column 18 – Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price, at which the real estate could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

"1" for Level 1

"2" for Level 2

"3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for real estate to show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing service.

"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchange.

"c" for securities where the rate is determined by a broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing policy for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling securities or be an underwriter of the security being valued. (Reporting entities should utilize source "c" to capture any other method used by the reporting entity to obtain observable inputs resulting in a hierarchy Level 1 or Level 2. Documentation of this source should then be included in Column 19.)

"d" for securities where the rate is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology used.

"e" for securities where the rate is determined by the unit price provided in the NAIC *Valuation of Securities*.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use "1b" to report Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

Column 19	<p>Source Used to Obtain Fair Value</p> <p>For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.</p> <p>For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.</p> <p>The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">www.finprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml</p> <p>For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.</p> <p>For Method Code "d," leave blank.</p> <p>For Method Code "e," leave blank.</p>																
Column 20	<p>Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)</p> <p>Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.</p>																
Column 21	<p>Postal Code</p> <p>The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.</p> <p>Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).</p>																
Column 22	<p>Property Type</p> <p>For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>OF</td> <td>Office</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RT</td> <td>Retail</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MU</td> <td>Apartment/Multifamily</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IN</td> <td>Industrial</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HC</td> <td>Medical/Health Care</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LX</td> <td>Mixed Use</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LO</td> <td>Lodging</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OT</td> <td>Other</td> </tr> </table>	OF	Office	RT	Retail	MU	Apartment/Multifamily	IN	Industrial	HC	Medical/Health Care	LX	Mixed Use	LO	Lodging	OT	Other
OF	Office																
RT	Retail																
MU	Apartment/Multifamily																
IN	Industrial																
HC	Medical/Health Care																
LX	Mixed Use																
LO	Lodging																
OT	Other																

SCHEDULE A – PART 2

REAL ESTATE ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only those new real estate investments and their encumbrances, but also any additions and permanent improvements to existing properties acquired in the current and prior periods and their encumbrances. Report individually each property acquired or transferred from another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA). Property acquired and sold during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

Acquired by purchase	0199999
Acquired by internal transfer	0299999
Totals	0399999

Column 1 – Description of Property

Show description of property (e.g., apartment complex, land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).

Column 2 – City

For properties located in the U.S., list the city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., indicate city or province.

Column 3 – State

For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 – Date Acquired

For individual properties, state date property was acquired.

Column 5 – Name of Vendor

Provide the name of the entity from which the property was acquired. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

Column 6	-	Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition
	Include:	This column should be utilized to report the cost of original purchases. The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title.
		For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase).
	Exclude:	Amounts expended for additions and permanent improvements that are reported in column 9.
The amount reported in the Actual Cost column included in Schedule A, Part 2 will never differ from the actual consideration paid to purchase the investment. Any appropriate adjustments to the Actual Cost will be made in Schedule A, Part 1 or in Schedule A, Part 3. Refer to SSAP No. 90— <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> , for the effects of impairment on the presentation of cost.		
Column 7	-	Amount of Encumbrances
		Properties may be mortgaged and the outstanding principal balance, excluding accrued interest, of all liens at December 31 of the current year should be reported in this column.
Column 8	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances
	Include:	The actual cost plus capitalized improvements, less depreciation, less encumbrances and net adjustments.
	Deduct:	The amount of one-time temporary impairment write-downs required under SSAP No. 90— <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> .
	Exclude:	Valuation allowances.
Column 9	-	Additional Investment Made After Acquisition
		This column should be utilized to report the amount expended for additions and permanent improvement.
	Exclude:	Amounts expended for original acquisitions that are reported in column 6.

**** Columns 10 through 12 will be electronic only. ****

Column 10 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

Column 11 – Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example of two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

Column 12 – Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF	Office
RT	Retail
MU	Apartment/Multifamily
IN	Industrial
HC	Medical/Health Care
MX	Mixed Use
LO	Lodging
OT	Other

SCHEDULE A – PART 3

REAL ESTATE DISPOSED DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only disposals of an entire real estate investment, but should also include partial disposals and amounts received during the year on properties still held. Report individually each property disposed or transferred to another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA). Properties acquired and disposed during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

Property disposed.....	0199999
Property transferred	0299999
Totals	0399999

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1 – Description of Property

Show description of property, (e.g., apartment complex, land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).

Column 2 – City

For properties located in the U.S., list the city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., indicate city or province.

Column 3 – State

For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 – Disposal Date

For individual properties, state date property was sold using MM/DD/YYYY format. For properties transferred to another category, this column should not be completed.

Column 5 – Name of Purchaser

Provide the name of the entity to which the property was sold. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of purchaser name.

Column 6	Actual Cost
	<p>Include:</p> <p>The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title and other amounts such as additions and improvements (at the time of purchase or subsequent) which have been capitalized, less all amounts received for sales of rights or privileges in connection with the property or by any cash recoveries received after acquiring title to the property.</p>
	<p>For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase or subsequent). Include all amounts expended for taxes, repairs and improvements in excess of the income of the property other than interest, prior to the date of acquiring title.</p>
	<p>The Actual Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary impairment. Refer to SSAP No. 90—<i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i>, for the effect of impairments on the presentation of cost.</p>
Column 7	Expended for Additions, Permanent Improvements and Changes in Encumbrances
	<p>Include:</p> <p>Only those amounts expended after acquiring title, including increases or reductions in encumbrances.</p>
Column 8	Book Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrance, Prior Year
	<p>This should equal the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value amount reported in the prior year annual statement for each specific security.</p>
	<p>This amount, plus the Change in Book/Adjusted Carry Value columns should equal the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposal Date.</p>
Column 9	Current Year's Depreciation
	<p>This amount should represent the depreciation expense for the period and shall include any depreciation recorded on a property held for sale.</p>
	<p>Include:</p> <p>Depreciation that was recorded on property during the current year that was later classified as property held for sale.</p>
	<p>The unrealized valuation gain/loss for separate account only.</p>
Column 10	Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
	<p>If the real estate has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.</p>
	<p>Include:</p> <p>Reductions to fair value on property newly classified as held for sale, in accordance with SSAP No. 90—<i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i>.</p>
Column 11	Current Year's Change in Encumbrances
	<p>Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.</p> <p>Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.</p>

Column 13	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year, including reversal of any unrealized foreign exchange gain or losses previously recorded.
Column 14	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances on Disposal Include: The actual cost plus capitalized improvements, less depreciation, less encumbrances, and net adjustments at the time of sale or transfer. For properties held for sale, the net adjustment to book value shall include the estimated costs to sell the property, in accordance with SSAP No. 90— <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> . Deduct: The amount of other-than-temporary impairment write-downs required under SSAP No. 90 <i>Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments</i> . Exclude: Valuation allowances.
Column 15	-	Amounts Received During Year Include: Amounts received on sale of rights and privileges, amounts from real estate sales including those amounts received in the year of disposal, and other cash receipts that reduced the book value.
Column 16	-	Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal Report the foreign currency exchange gain or loss from the disposal of the property.
Column 17	-	Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal Report the market gain or loss upon the disposal of the property. Exclude: Foreign currency gain (loss) reported in Column 16.
Column 18	-	Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal Enter the sum of Column 16, foreign exchange gain (loss), and Column 17, realized gain (loss).
Column 19	-	Gross Income Earned Less Interest Incurred on Encumbrances Include: Rental income on property occupied by the company.
Column 20	-	Taxes, Repairs and Expenses Incurred Include: Amounts paid or accrued for taxes, repairs and other related expenses. Exclude: Interest incurred on encumbrances.

**** Columns 21 through 23 will be electronic only. ****

Column 21 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

Column 22 – Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP 4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (550168104,E4 7SD).

Column 23 – Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF	Office
RT	Retail
MU	Apartment/Multifamily
IN	Industrial
HC	Medical/Health Care
MX	Mixed Use
LO	Lodging
OT	Other

Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE B – PARTS 1 AND 2

MORTGAGE LOANS OWNED AND ACQUIRED – GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to *SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations*.

Life and Fraternal insurers should use the lines marked with an asterisk. Property, Health and Title insurers may choose to use the lines marked with an asterisk. If Property, Health and Title insurers do not use the lines marked with an asterisk, Lines 0799999, 1599999, 2399999 and 3199999 must be used. All subtotal lines (0899999, 1699999, 2499999, 3299999) and the grand total line 3399999 apply to all insurers.

Mortgages in Good Standing:

Farm Mortgages*	0199999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	0299999
Residential Mortgages — All Other*	0399999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	0499999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other*	0599999
Mezzanine Loans*	0699999
Mortgages in Good Standing Not Shown on Lines 0199999 through 6699999	0799999
Total Mortgages in Good Standing (sum of 0199999 through 0799999)	0899999

Restructured Mortgages:

Farm Mortgages*	0999999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	1099999
Residential Mortgages — All Other*	1199999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	1299999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other*	1399999
Mezzanine Loans*	1499999
Restructured Mortgages Not Shown on Lines 0999999 through 1499999	1599999
Total Restructured Mortgages (sum of 0999999 through 1599999)	1699999

Mortgages with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not in the Process of Foreclosure:

Farm Mortgages*	1799999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	1899999
Residential Mortgages — All Other*	1999999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	2099999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other*	2199999
Mezzanine Loans*	2299999
Mortgages with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not in the Process of Foreclosure Not Shown on Lines 1799999 through 2299999	2399999
Total Mortgages with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not in the Process of Foreclosure (sum of 1799999 through 2399999)	2499999

Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure:

Farm Mortgages*	2599999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	2699999
Residential Mortgages — All Other*	2799999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*	2899999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other*	2999999
Mezzanine Loans*	3099999
Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure Not Shown on Lines 2599999 through 3099999	3199999
Total Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure (sum of 2599999 through 3199999)	3299999
 Total Mortgages (sum of 0899999, 1699999, 2499999 and 3299999)	3399999

Mortgages in good standing:

This section applies to loans on which all the original basic terms of the loan are being met by the borrowers. It also includes loans on which all the basic terms of refinancing agreements at current market terms are being met by the borrowers. Insured or guaranteed loans are considered to be only those loans insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the National Housing Act of Canada or by the Veterans Administration. For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity's share of book value/recorderd investment excluding accrued interest.

Mortgages with restructured terms:

Restructured loans include commercial mortgage loans on which the basic terms such as interest rate, maturity date, collateral or guaranty have been restructured in 1986 or later as a result of actual or anticipated delinquency. Include those loans whose basic terms are being met in accordance with the restructuring agreement. A maturing balloon mortgage that has been refinanced or extended at below current market terms should be classified as a restructured loan. (A maturing balloon mortgage that has been refinanced or extended at current market terms should be considered a performing loan.) Current market terms are loan terms where the borrower pays a current market interest rate consistent with the collateral, maturity date, and other terms of the mortgage.

A mortgage loan will no longer be considered in this category when one or more of the following events occur:

The loan is paid in full or otherwise retired.

The loan becomes delinquent under the terms of the restructure agreement.

The loan is in the process of foreclosure.

The borrower has resumed the original contractual terms on the current loan balance including payments, interest rate and loan duration. The borrower must have also made cash payments of any interest or principal forgone during the restructure.

If the above are met, a loan will no longer be considered as restructured when all of the following conditions exist:

The loan-to-value ratio based upon the current appraisal cannot be greater than 80%. Additionally, the loan-to-value ratio cannot be greater than the state of domicile's limits for first mortgages. An independent appraiser must perform the current appraisal. The appraisal requirement does not apply to individual loans the lesser of \$1 million or 5% of capital and surplus. The aggregate of such exempted loans must not exceed 15% of total long-term mortgage holdings.

AND

The coupon rate after restructuring is a current market rate. Such coupon rates should be consistent with the coupon rate on new commercial mortgages of comparable terms made by the reporting entity in the quarter in which the restructure date occurred, or:

On the restructure date, not be less than the quarterly average of new commercial mortgage loan rates of loans of comparable terms from the Survey of Mortgage Commitments of Commercial Properties by the American Council of Life Insurers (ACLI), by more than $\frac{1}{2}$ of a percentage point difference.

AND

The restructured mortgage loan performs according to the new terms for at least two years.

Mortgages with overdue interest over 90 days not in the process of foreclosure:

Show individually mortgages upon which interest is overdue more than 90 days, or upon which taxes or other liens are delinquent more than one year.

Mortgages in process of foreclosure:

This section applies to loans in the process of being foreclosed or voluntarily conveyed by the borrower to the lender. It also includes loans in which transfer of title is awaiting execution of redemption or moratorium period.

SCHEDULE B – PART 1

MORTGAGE LOANS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Report separately all mortgage loans owned and backed by real estate. Include non-conventional mortgage loans (e.g., loans that can be increased to their maximum loan value without incurring the cost of writing a new mortgage). Also include mezzanine real estate loans. For accounting and admission guidance related to mezzanine real estate loans, refer to SSAP No. 83—*Mezzanine Real Estate Loans*. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations, (residential mortgage-backed securities), should be included in Schedule D.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1 – Loan Number

Report the mortgage loan number assigned by the reporting entity. For foreign denominated mortgages, indicate the principal indebtedness amount in its local currency.

Column 2 – Code

Enter ““” in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If mortgage loans are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing one of the symbols identified in the **Investment Schedules General Instructions** in this column.

Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the ““”” should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the **Investment Schedules General Instructions**).

Column 3 – City

For mortgages in the U.S., list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indicate the city or province.

Column 4 – State

For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 5 – Loan Type

If the loan was made to an officer or director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter “E”. If the loan was made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate enter “S”. Otherwise, leave the column blank.

Column 6 – Date Acquired

State date mortgage was acquired.

Column 7	=	Rate of Interest Report the effective annual interest rate of the mortgage.
Column 8	=	Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest Report the statutory book value/recorded investment excluding accrued interest of each loan. Deduct: Direct write-down (charge-off) if the loss is other-than-temporary. Report as a realized loss. Exclude: Valuation allowance.
Column 9	=	Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease) The difference between the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the previous year-end and the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the current year-end not related to the receipt of loan principal payments, other-than-temporary impairments and amortization. These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Part A).
Column 10	=	Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion This amount should equal the net of the reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.
Column 11	=	Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized If the mortgage loan has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.
Column 12	=	Capitalized Deferred Interest And Other Include interest and other items that can be capitalized in accordance with SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans.
Column 13	=	Total Foreign Exchange Change In Book Value Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Column 14	=	Value of Land and Buildings Report the appraisal value of the property (for land and buildings). For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity's pro rata share of the appraised value as it relates to the reporting entity's interest in the mortgage loan.
Column 15	=	Date of Last Appraisal or Valuation State date of last appraisal or valuation of the collateral.

**** Columns 16 through 19 will be electronic only. ****

Column 16 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mortgagor as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

Column 17 – Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (5150, 58104, E4 7SD).

Column 18 – Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF	Office
RT	Retail
MU	Apartment/Multifamily
IN	Industrial
HC	Medical/Health Care
MX	Mixed Use
LO	Lodging
OT	Other

Column 19 – Maturity Date

State the date the mortgage loan matures.

SCHEDULE B – PART 2

MORTGAGE LOANS ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING YEAR

Report individually all mortgage loans acquired or transferred from another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA) but also any increases or additions to mortgage loans acquired or transferred in the current and prior periods. Mortgages acquired and disposed during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3. Include non-conventional mortgage loans (e.g., loans that can be increased to their maximum loan value without incurring the cost of writing a new mortgage). Also include mezzanine real estate loans. For accounting and admission guidance related to mezzanine real estate loans, refer to SSAP No. 83—*Mezzanine Real Estate Loans*. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (residential mortgage-backed securities) should be included in Schedule D.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1 **Loan Number**

Report the mortgage loan number assigned by the reporting entity. For foreign denominated mortgages, indicate the principal indebtedness amount in its local currency.

Column 2 – **City**

For mortgages in the U.S., list city. If the city is not known, indicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indicate the city or province.

Column 3 – **State**

For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 – **Loan Type**

If the loan was made to an officer or director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter "E". If the loan was made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate, enter "S." Otherwise, leave the column blank.

Column 5 – **Date Acquired**

State date mortgage was acquired.

Column 6 – **Rate of Interest**

Report the effective annual interest rate of the mortgage.

Column 7 – **Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition**

Report the actual amount loaned for the mortgages at the time the asset was originally acquired. The cost of acquiring the assets includes any additional amounts that are to be capitalized. Accordingly, there may be a premium or discount on such loans resulting from a difference between the amount paid and the principal amount. Do not include additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported in Column 8.

Column 8	-	Additional Investment Made after Acquisition
		Report additional amounts that increased the mortgage during the year subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired, e.g., increases in the loan. Include additional loans on mortgages that were subsequently disposed during the year.
Column 9	-	Value of Land and Buildings
		Report the appraisal value of the property (for land and buildings). For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity's pro rata share of the appraised value as it relates to the reporting entity's interest in the mortgage loan.
** Columns 10 through 13 will be electronic only. **		
Column 10	-	Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
		Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mortgage assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.
Column 11	-	Postal Code
		The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. state, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.
		Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,b4 7SD).
Column 12	-	Property Type
		For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:
OF	Office	
RT	Retail	
MU	Apartment/Multifamily	
IN	Industrial	
HC	Medical/Health Care	
MX	Mixed Use	
LO	Leasing	
OT	Other	
Column 13	-	Maturity Date
		State the date the mortgage loan matures.

SCHEDULE B – PART 3

MORTGAGE LOANS DISPOSED, TRANSFERRED OR REPAYED DURING THE YEAR

Report individually each mortgage that has had decreases in the balance as a result of being closed by repayment, partial repayment, disposed or transferred to another category (e.g., real estate, Schedule A). Do not report individual partial repayments, but aggregate all partial repayments by mortgage loan.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

Mortgages closed by repayment.....	0199999
Mortgages with partial repayments.....	0299999
Mortgages disposed.....	0399999
Mortgages transferred.....	0499999
Total.....	0599999

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1 – Loan Number

Report the mortgage number assigned by the reporting entity.

Column 2 – City

For mortgages in the U.S., however, if the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indicate the city or province.

Column 3 – State

For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 – Loan Type

If the loan was made to an officer or director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter "E." If the loan was made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate enter "S." Otherwise, leave the column blank.

Column 5 – Date Acquired

State date mortgage was acquired.

Column 6 – Disposal Date

For individual properties, state date mortgage was disposed using MM/DD/YYYY format. For mortgages transferred to another category and mortgages with partial payments, this column should not be completed.

Column 7	-	Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest Prior Year
Report the statutory book value/recorded investment excluding accrued interest at December 31 of the prior year.		
Deduct:		The amount of any write-downs. Report as a realized loss.
Exclude:		Valuation allowance.
Column 8	-	Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
The difference between the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the previous year-end and the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the current year-end not related to the receipt of loan principal payments, other-than-temporary impairments and amortization.		
These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).		
Column 9	-	Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion
This amount should equal the net of the reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.		
Column 10	-	Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
If the mortgage loan has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.		
Column 11	-	Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other
Include interest and other items that can be capitalized in accordance with SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans.		
Column 12	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book Value
Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year, including reversal of foreign exchange gains or losses previously recorded.		
Column 13	-	Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest on Disposal
Report the statutory Book Value/Recorded Investment excluding accrued interest (including any capitalized amounts) at the time the loan was sold or transferred to another category, (e.g., real estate).		
Deduct:		The amount of any write-downs. Report as a realized loss.
Exclude:		Valuation allowance.
Column 14	-	Consideration
Report the amount received during the year on mortgages disposed, including partial pay-downs of mortgages, sale of the mortgage or through transfer to another category (e.g., Schedule A). For those mortgages transferred to another category, only report the amount received for the period up to the time the loan was transferred.		

- Column 16 – Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal
Enter the foreign currency exchange gain or loss.
- Column 17 – Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal
Report the amount of any market gain or loss realized from the transfer, sale or maturity.
Exclude: Foreign currency gain (loss) reported in Column 16
- Column 18 – Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal
Enter the sum of Column 16 foreign exchange gain or loss, and Column 17 realized gain or loss.

**** Columns 19 through 22 will be electronic only. ****

- Column 19 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mortgage as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.
- Column 20 – Postal Code
The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.
Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

- Column 21 – Property Type
For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF	Office
RT	Retail
MU	Apartment/Multi-family
IN	Industrial
HC	Medical/Health Care
MX	Mixed Use
LO	Lodging
OT	Other

- Column 22 – Maturity Date
State the date the mortgage loan matures.

Not for Distribution

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Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE BA – PARTS 1, 2 AND 3**OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS – GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Include only those classes of invested assets not clearly or normally includable in any other invested asset schedule. Such assets should include any assets previously written off for book purposes, but which still have a market or investment value. Give a detailed description of each investment and the underlying security. If an asset is to be recorded in Schedule BA that is normally reported in one of the other invested asset schedules, make full disclosure in the Name or Description column of the reason for recording such an asset in Schedule BA.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23—*Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations*.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specific subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line number:

Group or Category	Line Number
Oil and Gas Production	
Unaffiliated.....	0199999
Affiliated	0299999
Transportation Equipment	
Unaffiliated.....	0399999
Affiliated	0499999
Mineral Rights	
Unaffiliated.....	0599999
Affiliated	0699999
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:	
Bonds	
Unaffiliated	0799999
Affiliated	0899999
Mortgage Loans	
Unaffiliated	0999999
Affiliated	1099999
Other Fixed Income Instruments	
Unaffiliated	1199999
Affiliated	1299999
Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:	
Fixed Income Instruments	
Unaffiliated	1399999
Affiliated	1499999
Common Stock	
Unaffiliated	1599999
Affiliated	1699999
Real Estate	
Unaffiliated	1799999
Affiliated	1899999
Mortgage Loans	
Unaffiliated	1999999
Affiliated	2099999
Other	
Unaffiliated	2199999
Affiliated	2299999

Surplus Debentures, etc.	
Unaffiliated.....	2399999
Affiliated.....	2499999
Collateral Loans	
Unaffiliated.....	2599999
Affiliated.....	2699999
Non-collateral Loans	
Unaffiliated.....	2799999
Affiliated.....	2899999
Capital Notes	
Unaffiliated.....	2999999
Affiliated.....	3099999
Guaranteed Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit	
Unaffiliated.....	3199999
Affiliated.....	3299999
Non-Guaranteed Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit	
Unaffiliated.....	3399999
Affiliated.....	3499999
Guaranteed State Low Income Housing Tax Credit	
Unaffiliated.....	3599999
Affiliated.....	3699999
Non-Guaranteed State Low Income Housing Tax Credit	
Unaffiliated.....	3799999
Affiliated.....	3899999
All Other Low Income Housing Tax Credit	
Unaffiliated.....	3999999
Affiliated.....	4099999
Working Capital Finance Investment	
Unaffiliated.....	4199999
Any Other Class of Assets	
Unaffiliated.....	4299999
Affiliated.....	4399999
Subtotals	
Unaffiliated.....	4499999
Affiliated.....	4599999
TOTALS.....	4699999

The following listing is intended to give examples of investments to be included in each category; however the list should not be considered all inclusive, and it should not be implied that any invested asset currently being reported in Schedules A, B or D is to be reclassified to Schedule BA:

Oil and Gas Production

Include: Offshore oil and gas leases.

Transportation Equipment

Include: Aircraft owned under leveraged lease agreements.
Motor Vehicle Trust Certificates.

Mineral Rights

Include: Investments in extractive materials.
Timber Deeds.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that Have the Underlying Characteristics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument

Investments that fit into one of the other categories should be reported in those categories and not as fixed or variable interest rate investments that have the underlying characteristics of a bond, mortgage loan or other fixed income instrument. As examples (not exclusive), collateral loans shall be reported in the designated collateral loan reporting line (259-99 or 269999) and surplus notes shall be reported in the designated capital notes reporting lines (299999 or 309999), although these items could be perceived to have underlying characteristics of bond or other fixed income instruments.

Include: Fixed income instruments that are not corporate or governmental unit obligations (Schedule D) or secured by real property (Schedule B).

For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond or other fixed income instrument which qualify for Filing Exemption or that have been reviewed and approved by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) within this category.

Exclude: **For Life and Fraternal Insurers:**

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond or other fixed income investment, but for which the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) has not yet affirmed that the specific BA investment (identified by CUSIP) fits in this category (as identified in the NAIC *Valuation of Securities*). Until affirmed by the SVO, report these BA investments in the category for "Any Other Class of Assets."

Joint Ventures or Partnership Interests for Which the Primary Underlying Investments are Considered to Be:

Fixed Income Instruments

Investments that fit into one of the other categories should be reported in those categories and not as joint ventures or partnership interests for which the primary underlying investments are considered to be fixed income instruments. As examples (non-inclusive), collateral loans shall be reported in the designated collateral loan reporting lines (259999 or 269999) and surplus notes shall be reported in the designated capital notes reporting lines (299999 or 309999), although these items could be perceived to have underlying characteristics of bonds or other fixed income instruments.

Include: Leveraged Buy-out Fund.

A fund investing in the "Z" strip of Collateralized Mortgage Obligations.

For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of fixed income instruments which qualify for Filing Exemption or that have been reviewed and approved by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) fall in this category.

Exclude: **For Life and Fraternal Insurers:**

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of fixed income instruments, but for which the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) has not affirmed that the specific BA investment (identified by CUSIP) fits in this subcategory. Until affirmed by the SVO, report these BA investments in the "Other" subcategory of this category.

Common Stocks

Include: Venture Capital Funds.

Real Estate

Include: Real estate development interest. Reporting should be consistent with the detailed property analysis appropriate for the corresponding risk-based capital factor for this investment category. If the requisite details are not available for reporting, report under "Other" subcategory.

Mortgage Loans

Include:

Mortgage obligations. Reporting should be consistent with the detailed property analysis appropriate for the corresponding risk-based capital factor for this investment category. If the requisite details are not available for reporting, report under "Other" subcategory.

Other

- Include:
- Limited partnership interests in oil and gas production.
 - Forest product partnerships.
 - Investments within the Joint Venture and Partnership Interests category that do not qualify for inclusion in the "Fixed Income Instruments," "Common Stocks," "Real Estate" or "Mortgage Loans" subcategories.
- Reporting should be consistent with the corresponding risk-based capital factor for this investment category (i.e., Other Long-Term Assets).

For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

This includes investments believed by the reporting entity to have the underlying characteristics of "fixed income instruments" but which do not qualify for Filing Exemption and have not been reviewed by the SVO, as well as those that have been reviewed by the SVO and were determined to have the underlying characteristics of "Other" instruments.

Surplus Debentures, etc.

- Include:
- That portion of any subordinated indebtedness, surplus debenture, surplus note, debenture note, premium income note, bond, or other contingent evidence of indebtedness that is reported in the surplus of the issuer.

Collateral Loans

- Include:
- Refer to SSAP No. 37—*Other Admitted Assets* for a definition of collateral loans. In the description column, the name of the actual borrower and state if the borrower is a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, officer or director. Also include the type of collateral held.

Non-collateral Loans

- Include:
- For purposes of this section, non-collateral loans are considered the unpaid portion of loans previously made to another organization or individual in which the reporting entity has a right to receive money for the loan, but for which the reporting entity has not obtained collateral to secure the loan. Non-collateral loans shall not include those instruments that meet the definition of a bond per SSAP No. 26R—*Bonds*, a mortgage loan per SSAP No. 37—*Mortgage Loans*, loan-backed or structured securities per SSAP No. 43R—*Loan-Backed and Structured Securities*, or a policy or contract loan per SSAP No. 49—*Policy Loans*.

In the description column, provide the name of the actual borrower. For affiliated entities, state if the borrower is a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, officer or director. Refer to SSAP No. 20—*Nonadmitted Assets* and SSAP No. 25—*Affiliates and Other Related Parties* for accounting guidance.

Capital Notes

- Include:
- The portion of any capital note that is reported on the line for capital notes of the issuing insurance reporting entity.

Low Income Housing Tax Credit

Include:

All Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments (LIHTC or affordable housing) that are in the form of a Limited Partnership or a Limited Liability Company including those investments that have the following risk mitigation factors:

- A. Guaranteed Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments. There must be an all-inclusive guarantee from a CRP-rated entity that guarantees the yield on the investment.
- B. Non-guaranteed Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments.
 - I. A level of leverage below 50%. For a LIHTC Fund, the level of leverage is measured at the fund level.
 - II. There is a Tax Credit Guarantee Agreement from General Partner or managing member. This agreement requires the General Partner or managing member to reimburse investors for any shortfalls in tax credits due to errors of compliance, for the life of the partnership. For a LIHTC Fund, a Tax Credit Guaranty is required from the developers of the lower tier LIHTC properties to the upper tier partnership and all other LIHTC investments.
 - III. There are sufficient operating reserves, capital replacement reserves and/or operating deficit guarantees present to mitigate foreseeable foreclosure risk at the time of the investment.

Non-qualifying LIHTCs should be reported in the all other category

Working Capital Finance Investment

Include:

Investments in an interest in a Confirmed Supplier Receivables (CSR) under a Working Capital Finance Program (WCFP) that is designated by the SVO as meeting the criteria specified in the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* for an NAIC "1" or "2."

Working Capital Finance Program (WCFP)

Open account program under which an Investor may purchase interests, or evidence thereof, in commercial non-insurance receivables. A WCFP is created for the benefit of a commercial investment grade obligor and its suppliers of goods or services, and facilitated by a financial intermediary.

Confirmed Supplier Receivables (CSR)

A first priority perfected security interest claim or right to payment of a monetary obligation from the Obligor arising from the sale of goods or services from the Supplier to the Obligor the payment of which the Obligor has confirmed by representing and warranting that it will not protest, delay, or deny, nor offer nor assert any defenses against, payment to the supplier or any party taking claim or right to payment from the supplier.

See SSAP No. 105—*Working Capital Finance Investments* for accounting guidance.

Any Other Class of Assets

Include:

Investments that do not fit into one of the other categories. An example of items that may be included are reverse mortgages.

For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

This includes investments believed by the reporting entity to fit the category of "Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that Have the Underlying Characteristics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument," but which do not qualify for Loring Exemption and have not been reviewed by the SVO, as well as those that have been reviewed by the SVO and were determined to be "Any Other Class of Assets."

SCHEDULE BA – PART 1

OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Refer to SSAP No. 23—*Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations* for accounting guidance.

Column 1 — CUSIP Identification

This column must be completed by **Life and Fraternal** insurers that file Schedule BA investments with the Securities Valuation Office.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CTNS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau (www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm).

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

Column 2 — Name or Description

Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited partnership. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

Column 3 — Code

Enter “**” in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If long-term invested assets are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing one of the symbols identified in the **Investment Schedules General Instructions** in this column.

Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the “**” should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the **Investment Schedules General Instructions**).

Column 4 — City

For real estate partnerships or joint ventures located in the United States, list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the investment is outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA asset types, use the city of incorporation. If no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative office.

Column 5 — State

For real estate partnerships or joint ventures located in U.S. states, territories and possessions report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for the U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the investment is outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 6 — Name of Vendor or General Partner

Provide the name of the entity from which the property was acquired, or the name of the General Partner of the fund. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

Column 7	<p>NAIC Designation and Administrative Symbol/Market Indicator</p> <p>This column must be completed by Life and Fraternal insurers only. All other insurers may ignore this column and its instructions.</p> <p>For Schedule BA investments with the underlying characteristics of a bond or a preferred stock instrument, insert the appropriate combination of the NAIC designation (1 through 6), administrative symbol and market indicator (A, J, K, L, U or V). List of valid administrative symbols are shown below.</p> <p>Listing of valid NAIC designation, administrative symbol and market indicator combinations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (http://www.naic.org/svo.htm).</p> <p>Following are valid administrative symbols for bonds and preferred stock. Refer to the <i>Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office</i> for the application of these symbols.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">S</td><td>Additional or other non-payment risk</td></tr> <tr> <td>YE</td><td>Year-end carry over</td></tr> <tr> <td>FE</td><td>Filing Exempt</td></tr> <tr> <td>PL</td><td>Private Letter Rating</td></tr> <tr> <td>PLGI</td><td>Private Letter Rating - reported on Financial Interrogatory</td></tr> <tr> <td>F</td><td>Sub-paragraph D Company - insurance company designated</td></tr> </table> <p>The NAIC designation and administrative symbol/market indicator field should be zero-filled for those Schedule BA investments with the underlying characteristics of a bond or a preferred stock instrument which have not been filed with the SVO and do not meet the requirements of Filing Exemption, as well for any other investments reported in the respective "Other" categories (non-fixed income-like BA investments).</p>	S	Additional or other non-payment risk	YE	Year-end carry over	FE	Filing Exempt	PL	Private Letter Rating	PLGI	Private Letter Rating - reported on Financial Interrogatory	F	Sub-paragraph D Company - insurance company designated
S	Additional or other non-payment risk												
YE	Year-end carry over												
FE	Filing Exempt												
PL	Private Letter Rating												
PLGI	Private Letter Rating - reported on Financial Interrogatory												
F	Sub-paragraph D Company - insurance company designated												
Column 8	<p>Date Originally Acquired</p> <p>State the date the investment was originally acquired.</p>												
Column 9	<p>Type and Strategy</p> <p>Enter the number which best describes the investment (applies to investments such as limited partnerships and hedge funds. If none applies, leave blank):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Private equity: Venture capital 2. Private equity: Mezzanine financing 3. Private equity: LBOs 4. Hedge fund: Global macro 5. Hedge fund: Long/short equity 6. Hedge fund: Merger arbitrage 7. Hedge fund: Fixed income arbitrage 8. Hedge fund: Convertible arbitrage 9. Hedge fund: Futures/Options/foreign exchange arbitrage 10. Hedge fund: Sector investing 11. Hedge fund: Distressed securities 12. Hedge fund: Emerging markets 13. Hedge fund: Multi-strategy 												

Column 10	=	Actual Cost
	Include:	The cost of acquiring the asset, including broker's commission and incidental expense of effecting delivery. Include all changes to cost subsequent to acquisition, such as additions to or reductions in investments.
	Exclude:	Amount of encumbrances.
Column 11	=	Fair Value
	Include:	For all statement types:
		Use fair value received from a counter party when available. For example, for limited partnerships and hedge funds, the latest financial statement's fair value should be used. For other types of instruments, a quote from a broker, seller, or another counter party should be used. If such quote is not available, the reporting entity should make an estimate of fair value at which the investment could be sold to an unaffiliated third party. A record of the quote, or the methodology used to reach an estimate should be kept in file.
		Life and Fraternal entities who have filed Schedule BA assets with the SVO must complete this column with the assigned value as reported in the AVST database.
Column 12	=	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrance
		Report the balance at December 31, of the current year. It should contain the amounts included in Column 10 after any encumbrances have been subtracted. Include all changes in value during the year.
		For surplus (and capital) notes, consider where appropriate the statement factor provided by the Securities Valuation Office and published on the Schedule BA Surplus Note List on the Securities Valuation Office website. (See accounting requirements for surplus notes held in the <i>Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual</i> .)
	Deduct:	Any write-downs for a decline in the fair value of a long-term invested asset that is other-than-temporary.
	Exclude:	Valuation allowance.
Column 13	=	Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
		The total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. See SSAP No. 48— <i>Joint Ventures, Partnerships, and Limited Liability Companies</i> for accounting guidance.
		These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).
	Include:	The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column. Calculate as current year Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year Depreciation or Amortization/Accretion .

Column 14	-	Current Year's (Depreciation) or (Amortization)/Accretion
This amount represents depreciation expense for the period (where appropriate), amortization of premium and the accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income. See Column 13 for discussion of an unrealized valuation increase (decrease) where the real estate is carried at fair value and (depreciation) and/or (amortization)/accretion has been recorded.		
Column 15	-	Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
If the asset has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net income.		
Column 16	-	Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other
Include interest and other items that can be capitalized in accordance with the applicable SSAP.		
Column 17	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
Include: Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the current year.		
Column 18	-	Investment Income
Include: The proportionate share of interest, dividend, and other investment income received during the year on the investments reported in this schedule.		
Exclude: Distribution(s) except for unrealized appreciation (return of capital).		
Column 19	-	Commitment for Additional Investment
Include: Total amount of additional investment commitment, not yet invested, where the decision as to timing and whether to invest is not made by the company, but by someone else, typically by the hedge fund or limited partnership.		
Column 20	-	Percentage of Ownership
Include: The share that the company's current investment represents of the total outstanding amount of this investment. Applies only to such investments as hedge funds and limited partnerships.		
Exclude: Commitment for additional investment.		

**** Columns 21 through 26 will be electronic only. ****

Column 21 – Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

"1" for Level 1

"2" for Level 2

"3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators to show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing service

"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchange

"c" for securities where the rate is determined by a broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing policy from any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling securities or be an underwriter of the security being valued. (Reporting entities shall utilize source "c" to capture any other method used by the reporting entity to obtain fair value inputs resulting in a hierarchy Level 1 or Level 2. Documentation of this source shall then be included in Column 22.)

"d" for securities where the rate is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology used.

"e" for securities where the rate is determined by the unit price published in the NAIC *Valuation of Securities*.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use "1b" to denote Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

The guidance in SSAP No. 100R—*Fair Value* allows the use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair value for certain investments. If NAV is used instead of fair value leave blank.

Column 22	<p>Source Used to Obtain Fair Value</p> <p>For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.</p> <p>For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.</p> <p>The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml</p> <p>For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.</p> <p>For Method Code "d," leave blank.</p> <p>For Method Code "e," leave blank.</p> <p>If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the reporting entity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.</p>																		
Column 23	<p>Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)</p> <p>Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for my issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.</p>																		
Column 24	<p>Postal Code</p> <p>Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.</p> <p>Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">Mortgage Loans</td> <td style="width: 80%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Unaffiliated.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0999999</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Affiliated.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1099999</td> </tr> </table> <p>Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">Real Estate</td> <td style="width: 80%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Unaffiliated.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1799999</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Affiliated.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1899999</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Mortgage Loans</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Unaffiliated.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1999999</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Affiliated.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2099999</td> </tr> </table> <p>The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.</p> <p>Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).</p>	Mortgage Loans		Unaffiliated.....	0999999	Affiliated.....	1099999	Real Estate		Unaffiliated.....	1799999	Affiliated.....	1899999	Mortgage Loans		Unaffiliated.....	1999999	Affiliated.....	2099999
Mortgage Loans																			
Unaffiliated.....	0999999																		
Affiliated.....	1099999																		
Real Estate																			
Unaffiliated.....	1799999																		
Affiliated.....	1899999																		
Mortgage Loans																			
Unaffiliated.....	1999999																		
Affiliated.....	2099999																		

Column 25 – Property Type

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	0999999
Affiliated.....	1099999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated.....	1799999
Affiliated.....	1899999

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	1999999
Affiliated.....	2099999

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

Column 26 – Maturity Date

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	0999999
Affiliated.....	1099999

Indicate the date the mortgage loan matures.

SCHEDULE BA – PART 2

OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only those newly acquired long-term invested assets, but also any increases or additions to long-term invested assets acquired in the current and prior periods, including, for example, capital calls from existing limited partnerships.

Column 1 – CUSIP Identification

This column must be completed by **Life and Fraternal** insurers that file Schedule BA investments with the Securities Valuation Office.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NACIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau (www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm).

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

Column 2 – Name or Description

Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited partnership. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

Column 3 – City

For real estate partnerships or joint ventures located in the United States, list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the investment is outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA asset types, use the city of incorporation. If no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative office.

Column 4 – State

Report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for state for U.S. states, territories and possessions. For foreign countries, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix or these instructions.

Column 5 – Name of Vendor or General Partner

Provide the name of the entity from which the property was acquired, or the name of the General Partner of the fund. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

Column 6 – Date Originally Acquired

State the date the investment was originally acquired.

Column 7	Type and Strategy
Enter the number that best describes the investment (applied to investments such as limited partnerships and hedge funds. If none applies, leave blank):	
	1. Private equity: Venture capital
	2. Private equity: Mezzanine financing
	3. Private equity: LBOs
	4. Hedge fund: Global macro
	5. Hedge fund: Long/short equity
	6. Hedge fund: Merger arbitrage
	7. Hedge fund: Fixed income arbitrage
	8. Hedge fund: Convertible arbitrage
	9. Hedge fund: Futures/Options/foreign exchange arbitrage
	10. Hedge fund: Sector investing
	11. Hedge fund: Distressed securities
	12. Hedge fund: Emerging markets
	13. Hedge fund: Multi-strategy
Column 8	Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition
	Include: The actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquired.
	The cost of acquiring the assets, including broker's commission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery.
	Exclude: Additional expenditures after the time of the initial acquisition or encumbrances or impairment.
Column 9	Additional Investments Made After Acquisition
	Include: The actual cost (including broker's commissions and incidental expenses of effecting delivery) to increase investments in the original assets.
	Improvements to the assets subsequent to acquisition.
	Activity on investments disposed during the year.
Column 10	Amount of Encumbrances
	Include: The reporting entity's contractual share of all encumbrances on underlying real estate held in a partnership or venture reported in this schedule. All encumbrances incurred by the partnership or venture should be included.
Column 11	Percentage of Ownership
	Include: The share that the company's current investment represents of the total outstanding amount of this investment at the date of purchase. Applies only to such investments as hedge funds and limited partnerships.
	Exclude: Commitment for additional investment.

**** Columns 12 through 15 will be electronic only. ****

Column 12 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

Column 13 – Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated..... 0999999

Affiliated..... 1099999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated..... 1799999

Affiliated..... 1899999

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated..... 1999999

Affiliated..... 2099999

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

Column 14 - Property Type

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	0999999
Affiliated.....	1099999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated.....	1799999
Affiliated.....	1899999

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	1999999
Affiliated.....	2099999

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

Column 15 - Maturity Date

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	0999999
Affiliated.....	1099999

Indicate the date the mortgage loan matures.

SCHEDULE BA – PART 3

OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS DISPOSED, TRANSFERRED OR REPAYED DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only disposals of an entire "other invested asset", but should also include partial disposals and amounts received during the year on investments still held, including, for example, return of capital distributions from limited partnerships.

Column 1 – CUSIP Identification

This column must be completed by **Life and Fraternal** insurers that file Schedule BA investments with the Securities Valuation Office.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NACIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau (www.cuspip.com/cusip/index.htm).

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

Column 2 – Name or Description

Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited partnership. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

Column 3 – City

For real estate partnerships or joint ventures located in the U.S., list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the investment is outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA asset types, use the city of incorporation. If no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative office.

Column 4 – State

Report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for state for U.S. states, territories and possessions. For foreign countries, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 5 – Name of Purchaser or Nature of Disposal

Provide the name of the entity or vendor to whom the investment was sold or describe how the investment was otherwise disposed of.

Column 6	=	Date Originally Acquired
		State the date the asset was originally acquired.
Column 7	=	Disposal Date
		State the date the investment was sold or otherwise transferred or repaid. Reporting entities may total on one line if the investment is repaid on more than one date, and should utilize the date of last repayment in those cases.
Column 8	=	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances, Prior Year
		Report the balance at December 31 of the prior year.
	Deduct:	Any write-downs for a decline in the fair value of a long-term invested asset that is other-than-temporary.
	Exclude:	Valuation allowance.
Column 9	=	Unrealized Valuation Increase (decrease)
		The total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for a specific investment security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. This includes a reversal of the total unrealized amount at the date of disposal. See SSAP No. 48—Joint Ventures, Partnerships, and Limited Liability Companies for accounting guidance.
		These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4 – Life, Property, Fraternal & Title and Page 5 – Health).
	Include:	The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year, Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column. Calculate as current year Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year (Depreciation) or (Amortization)/Accretion .
Column 10	=	Current Year's (Depreciation) or (Amortization)/Accretion
		This amount represents depreciation expense for the period (where appropriate), amortization of premium and the accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income. See column 9 for discussion of an unrealized valuation increase (decrease) where the real estate is carried at fair value and (depreciation) and/or (amortization)/accretion has been recorded.
Column 11	=	Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
		If the asset has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

Column 12	=	Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other
		Include interest and other items that can be capitalized in accordance with the applicable SSAP.
Column 14	=	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
		Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss during the year including the reversal of unrealized foreign exchange gains or losses previously recorded.
Column 15	=	Book /Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances on Disposal
	Include:	Amount reported in Column 8 and all year-to-date changes in value to the time of disposal.
	Exclude:	Valuation allowance.
Column 16	=	Consideration
	Include:	Amounts received on disposal of investment.
Column 17	=	Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal
		Enter the foreign currency exchange gain or loss on disposal.
Column 18	=	Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal
		Report the amount of any market gain (loss) realized from the disposal of the investment.
	Exclude:	Foreign currency gains (loss) reported in Column 17.
Column 19	=	Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal
		Enter the sum of Column 17, foreign exchange gain (loss) on disposal and Column 18, realized gain (loss) on disposal.
Column 20	=	Investment Income
	Include:	The proportionate share of interest, dividends and other investment income received during year on the investments reported in this schedule.
	Exclude:	Distributions in excess of unrealized appreciation (return of capital).

**** Columns 21 through 24 will be electronic only. ****

Column 21 – Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

Column 22 – Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated..... 0999999

Affiliated..... 1099999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated..... 1799999

Affiliated..... 1899999

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated..... 1999999

Affiliated..... 2099999

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example of two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

Column 23 - Property Type

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	0999999
Affiliated.....	1099999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated.....	1799999
Affiliated.....	1899999

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	1999999
Affiliated.....	2099999

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

Column 24 - Maturity Date

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated.....	0999999
Affiliated.....	1099999

Indicate the date the mortgage loan matures.

Not for Distribution

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Not for Distribution

SCHEDULE D – PART 1

LONG-TERM BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each category arranged alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state abbreviation in the column provided for electronic data capture).

Refer to SSAP No. 23—*Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations* for accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations.

Short Sales:

Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reporting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For statutory accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported as contrasets (negative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detailing the item as a short sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be realized upon settlement of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and reported as interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required categories or subcategories described in the **Investment Schedules General Instructions**, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

NOTE: See the **Investment Schedules General Instructions** for the following:

- Category definitions for bonds and stocks.
- Foreign column code list.
- Code column list of codes and definitions for securities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.
- Flow chart for determining the NAIC designation for structured securities.
- List of stock exchange names and abbreviations.

Bonds:

U.S. Government

<u>Category</u>	<u>Line Number</u>
Issuer Obligations.....	0199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	0299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	0399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	0499999
Subtotals – U.S. Governments	0599999

All Other Governments

Issuer Obligations	0699999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	0799999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	0899999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	0999999
Subtotals – All Other Governments	1099999

U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	
Issuer Obligations.....	1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	1499999
Subtotals – U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	
Issuer Obligations	1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	1999999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	2199999
Subtotals – U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions	
Issuer Obligations.....	2599999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	2699999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	2799999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	2899999
Subtotals – U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions.....	3199999
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	
Issuer Obligations.....	3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	3599999
Subtotals – Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	3899999
Hybrid Securities	
Issuer Obligations.....	4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	4399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	4599999
Subtotals – Hybrid Securities	4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates	
Issuer Obligations.....	4999999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	5099999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	5199999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	5299999
Subtotals – Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates.....	5599999
SVO Identified Funds	
Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO.....	5899999
Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO	5999999
Subtotals – SVO Identified Funds.....	6099999
Bank Loans	
Bank Loans – Issued	6399999
Bank Loans – Acquired	6499999
Subtotals – Bank Loans	6599999

Total Bonds

Subtotals – Issuer Obligations.....	7799999
Subtotals – Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	7899999
Subtotals – Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.....	7999999
Subtotals – Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	8099999
Subtotals – SVO Identified Funds.....	8199999
Subtotals – Bank Loans.....	8299999
Subtotals – Total Bonds.....	8399999

List all bonds and certificates of deposit owned December 31, of current year, except bonds and certificates of deposit in banks or other similar financial institutions with maturity dates or repurchase dates under repurchase agreements of one year or less from the acquisition date. Exclude cash equivalents as described in *SSAP No. 2R—Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments* with original maturities of three months or less.

The security identifier reported (Column 1 for CUSIP, CINS, PPN or Column 33 for ISIN) must be the same as the identifier used when filing securities with the NAIC pursuant to the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* instructions.

Column 1 — CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number exists, then report a valid ISIN (Column 33) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

Column 2 — Description

Give a description of all bonds owned. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Column 31, Issuer and Column 32, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

For Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO, enter the complete name of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported.

For Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) or other similar services that have a maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the name of the banking institution should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) (www.ffiec.gov/ffiecpubweb/ffiecweb/SearchForm.aspx).

For CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized Loan Obligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

Column 3	<p>Code:</p> <p>Enter "*" in this column for all SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value.</p> <p>Enter "@" in this column for all Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds.</p> <p>Enter "\$" in this column for Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC limit.</p> <p>Enter "&" in this column for TBA (To Be Announced) securities.</p> <p>Enter "^" in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.</p> <p>If bonds are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.</p> <p>If the security is an SVO Identified Fund designated for systematic value, Principal STRIP bond or other zero coupon bond, Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC limit or a TBA (To Be Announced) security and is not under the exclusive control of the company, the "*" and "\$" or "&" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).</p>
Column 4	<p>Foreign</p> <p>Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.</p>
Column 5	<p>Bond Characteristics</p> <p>If bonds have one or more of the following characteristics, then list the appropriate number(s) separated by commas. If none of the characteristics apply, then leave the column blank.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bonds that are callable at the discretion of the issuer, provided that in no instance will the call price be below par, based on a specified formula for the payoff amount (generally discounting future cash flows at then current interest rates which is generally referred to as a "make whole call provision"). 2. Bonds that are callable at the discretion of the issuer, provided that in no instance will the call price be below par with a specified payoff amount based on a fixed schedule. 3. Bonds that are callable at the discretion of the issuer at a price that can be less than par. 4. Bonds in which the timing of payments of principal, as well as the amounts and timing of payments of interest, can vary based on a pool of underlying assets or an index. This should include agency and non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS); some commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS); as well as similar loan-backed or structured securities. This excludes those flagged with #1, 2 or 3.

5. Variable coupon bonds where the interest payments vary during the life of the transaction, but NOT as is typical based on a fixed spread over a well-established interest rate index (such as LIBOR, prime rate or a government bond yield). (This includes coupons that vary based on the performance of indices that are not interest rate related, such as equity indices, commodity prices or foreign exchange rates. This also includes coupons where the spread to the index is not fixed for the entire life of the transaction. This excludes basic floating rate and adjustable rate notes with fixed spread over an interest rate index.)
6. Terms that may result in principal (or initial investment) not being repaid in full for reasons other than a payment default by the issuer or defaults within a pool of assets underlying a loan-backed or structured security. (This includes insurance-linked securities, such as catastrophe bonds, interest-only strips (IOs), mortgage-referenced transactions or other issuer obligations that are not actually backed by a pool of assets but where the obligation to pay is tied to an index or performance or a pool of assets.)
7. Bonds where the issuer's obligation to make payments is determined by the performance of a different credit other than that of the issuer, which could be either affiliated or unaffiliated. (These securities are often referred to as credit-linked notes. This does not include loan-backed or structured securities.)
8. Mandatory convertible bonds. Bonds that are mandatorily convertible into equity, or, at the option of issuer, convertible into equity, or whose terms provide for payment in the form of equity instead of cash.
9. Other types of options solely at the discretion of the issuer that could affect the timing or amount of payments of principal or interest, not otherwise reported in 1-8.

Column 6 – NAIC Designation and Administrative Symbol

Provide the appropriate NAIC designation (1 through 6) and administrative symbol combination for each security. List of valid administrative symbols are shown below.

Listing of valid NAIC designation and administrative symbol combinations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

For Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO, enter 1.

Following are valid administrative symbols for bonds. Refer to the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* for the application of these symbols.

S	Additional or other non-payment risk
FE	Filing Exempt
M	Financially Modeled RMBS/CMBS subject to SSAP 43R
AM	Analytically Modeled subject to SSAP 43R
YE	Year-end carry over
I	Initial filing
PL	Private Letter Rating
PLGI	Private Letter Rating - reported on General Interrogatory
Z	Insurer self-designated
GI	General Interrogatory
F	Sub-paragraph D Company - insurer self-designated
*	Limited to NAIC Designations 6

Refer to the flow chart in the Investment Schedules General Instructions for instruction on how to determine the NAIC designation for structured securities.

Column 7	Actual Cost
<p>This column should contain the actual consideration paid to purchase the security. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: pay downs and partial sales (both reported in Schedule D, Part 4) and subsequent acquisitions of the same issue (reported in Schedule D, Part 3). Actual cost will need to be adjusted due to "other-than-temporary impairments" recognized, for use when determining realized gain/(loss) at disposition.</p>	
Include:	Brokerage and other related fees, to the extent they do not exceed the fair value at the date of acquisition.
	Cost of acquiring the bond or stock including broker's commission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery, transaction fees, on re-pooling of securities, and reductions for origination fees intended to compensate the reporting entity for interest rate risks (i.e., points).
Exclude:	Accrued interest.
<p>All other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds, are charged to expense when incurred.</p>	
<p>For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the original cost of the shares purchased, including brokerage and other related fees.</p>	
Column 8	Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value
<p>Report rate used for determining fair value.</p>	
<p>For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the per share fair value or net asset value as of the reporting date.</p>	
<p>For U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities enter the VOS rate (provided in the <i>Valuation of Securities</i>) multiplied by the inflation ratio.</p>	
Column 9	Fair Value
<p>The fair value should be the price which, when multiplied by the notional amount (Column 10, Par Value) results in the dollar amount that would be received (excluding accrued interest) if the security was sold at fair value.</p>	
<p>The fair value included in this column (calculated from the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value column) should be the amount used in any comparison of fair value to another valuation method (e.g., book value or amortized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting/valuation rules.</p>	
<p>For loan-backed securities, the prospective or retrospective methods are used in determining amortized value.</p>	
Exclude:	Accrued interest.
<p>For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the amount representing the number of shares owned at year-end times the rate specified in Column 8.</p>	
<p>For U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities, Fair Value should utilize the VOS rate multiplied by the inflation ratio.</p>	

Column 10 – Par Value

Enter the par value of the bonds owned adjusted for repayment of principal. For mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the par amount of principal to which the reporting entity has a claim. For interest only bonds without a principal amount on which the reporting entity has a claim, use a zero value. Enter the statement date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest only bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter Zero (0).

Column 11 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Securities excluding SVO Identified fund and mandatory convertible bonds:

This should be the amortized value or the lower of amortized value or fair value, depending upon the designation of the bond (and adjusted for any other-than-temporary impairment), as of the end of the current reporting year.

Include: The original cost of acquiring the bond, including brokerage and other related fees.

Amortization of premium or accrual of discount, but not including any accrued interest paid thereon.

Amortization of deferred origination and commitment fees.

Deduct: A direct write-down to a decline in the fair value of a bond that is other-than-temporarily.

Exclude: All other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds, are charged to expense when incurred. Cost should also be reduced by payments attributed to the recovery of cost.

Accrued interest.

Refer to SSAP No. 2, *Bonds*.

For reporting entities maintaining an AVR:

NAIC Designation 1 – 5* Enter amortized cost

NAIC Designation 6 Enter the lower of fair value or amortized cost

For reporting entities not maintaining an AVR:

NAIC Designations 1 – 2* Enter amortized cost

NAIC Designations 3 – 6 Enter the lower of fair value or amortized cost

***NOTE:** An exception exists for Treasury Inflation Adjusted Securities under INT 01-25, where the book/adjusted carrying value may include an unrealized gain. See INT 01-25, Accounting for U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities, for accounting guidance.

Mandatory Convertible Bonds:

The amount should be the lower of amortized cost or fair value during the period prior to conversion.

SVO Identified Funds:

The amount should be fair value unless the reporting entity has designated a qualifying security for systematic value. The election of using systematic value is irrevocable.

NOTE: Use of systematic value is effective Dec. 31, 2017. This effective date requires entities to either report SVO-Identified investments at fair value on the effective date, or to identify the SVO-Identified investments with a code to identify use of systematic value. If the investment is coded for systematic value, the investment will be reported in the 2017 annual financial statements using the measurement method utilized throughout 2017. For these investments, beginning Jan. 1, 2018, the reporting entity shall report the investment using the calculated systematic value method detailed in *SSAP No. 26R—Bonds*.

Refer to *SSAP No. 26R—Bonds*.

For reporting entities maintaining an AVR:

NAIC Designation 1 – 5 Enter fair value or systematic value

NAIC Designation 6 Enter fair value

For reporting entities not maintaining an AVR:

NAIC Designations 1 – 2 Enter fair value or systematic value

NAIC Designations 3 – 6 Enter fair value

The amount reported in this column should equal:

Book/Adjusted Carrying Value reported in the Prior Year statement
(or Actual Cost for newly acquired securities)
plus "Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)Total in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
plus "Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion"
minus "Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized"
plus "Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
plus Changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5

Column 12 – Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)

The total unrealized valuation increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. Thus this amount could be:

The difference due to changing from Amortized Cost in the previous year to Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as **current year Fair Value minus current year Amortized Value**);

The difference of moving from Fair Value in the previous year to Amortized Cost in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as **prior year Amortized Value minus prior year Fair Value**); or

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as **current year Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year Accrual of Discount/(Amortization of Premium)**).

Include For SVO-identified funds, the change from the prior reported BACV to fair value/net asset value. If an SVO-identified fund no longer qualifies for systematic value, the difference from systematic value in prior year to fair value/net asset value in current year.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

Column 13	-	Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion
This amount should equal the current reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount (regardless of whether or not the security is currently carried at Amortized Cost). The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.		
	Include	The (Amortization)/Accretion of SVO Identified Funds designated for reporting at systematic value.
Column 14 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized		
If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.		
Column 15	-	Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
This is a positive or negative amount that is defined as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the year that is attributable to foreign exchange differences for a particular security. The amounts reported in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain/(loss) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).		
Column 16	-	Interest Rate
Show rate of interest as stated on the face of the bond. Where the original stated rate has been renegotiated, show the latest modified rate. For long-term bonds with a variable rate of interest, use the last rate of interest. For short-term bonds from various issues of the same issuer, use the last rate of interest. All information reported in this field must be a numeric value.		
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds Exchange Traded Funds) and Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, enter numeric zero (0).		
Column 17	-	Effective Rate of Interest
For issuer obligations, include the effective rate at which the purchase was made. For mortgage-backed, loan-backed and structured securities, report the effective yield used to value the security at the reporting date. The Effective Yield calculation should be modified for other-than-temporary impairments recognized.		
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter Zero (0).		
Column 18	-	Interest – When Paid
For securities that pay interest annually, provide the first 3 letters of the month in which the interest is paid (e.g., JUN for June). For securities that pay interest semi-annually or quarterly, provide the first letter of each month in which interest is received (e.g., JD for June and December, and MJSD for March, June, September and December). For securities that pay interest on a monthly basis, include "MON" for monthly. Finally, for securities that pay interest at maturity, include "MAT" for maturity.		
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds Exchange Traded Funds) and Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, enter N/A.		