### **Pipe Lining**

Vanessa McCauley, EI Hydraulics Engineer, INDOT

vmccauley@indot.in.gov February 7, 2017





## Agenda

Inlet Configurations

Options

Common Mistakes





# **Inlet Configurations**

#### Mitered







# **Inlet Configurations**

#### Mitered



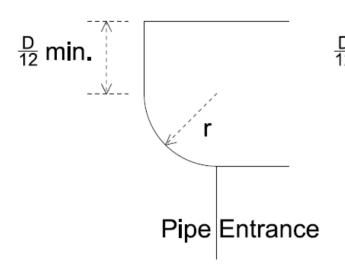




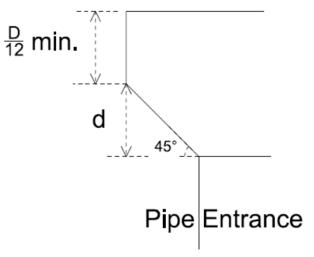
# **Inlet Configurations**

#### 1:1 Beveled Headwall

Rounded Headwall



Beveled Headwall



$$r(in) = \frac{D}{12}$$

$$d(in) = \frac{D}{24}$$

D = rehabilitated pipe internal span in inches





# **Option Sequence: HDPE**

#### HDPE

- HDPE as mitered to conform to slope
- HDPE with headwall or beveled headwall
- HDPE with bored pipe
  - HDPE: mitered to conform to slope
  - Bored Pipe
    - "Smooth HDPE"
    - Thin edge projecting
    - Minimum size of 18"





# **Option Sequence: HDPE**

### Only smooth wall









## **Option Sequence: CIPP**

#### CIPP

- CIPP same as existing entrance or mitered
- CIPP with headwall or beveled headwall
- CIPP with bored pipe





### **Option Sequence: Paved Invert**

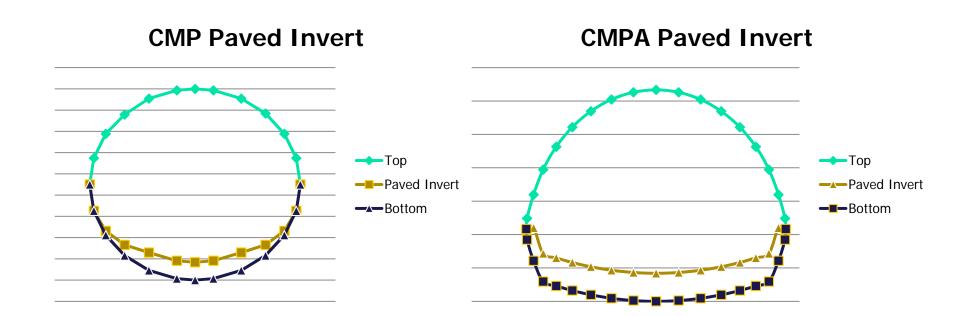
#### Paved Invert

- Match existing entrance
- Paved Invert with headwall or beveled headwall
- Paved Invert with bored pipe
- Sizing
  - 5 in thickness
  - CMP: Up to about ¼ rise
  - CMPA: Up to the vertical location





# **Option Sequence: Paved Invert**



Standard drawing coming soon





# **Option Sequence: Paved Invert**







### Option Sequence: Replacements

- Corrugated, Semi-smooth, and Smooth
  - Details to be discussed later

#### Contracts

Provide documentation for the requested options.





### **Common Mistakes**

#### Dos

- Determine legal drain status
- Mitered to conform to slope
- Place liners at bottom of pipe
- May increase backwater
  - contained in R/W or upstream channel
  - Documentation
  - Contact Hydraulics





### **Common Mistakes**

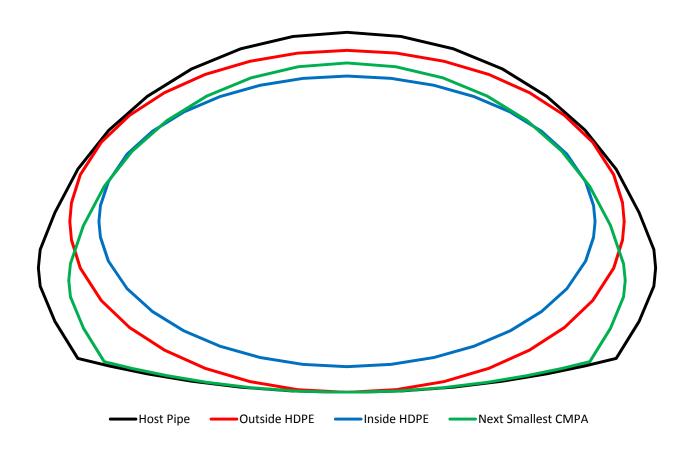
#### Don'ts

- Use Trapezoidal or Triangular channel
- Use next smallest CMPA for HDPE sizing





## **Common Mistakes**



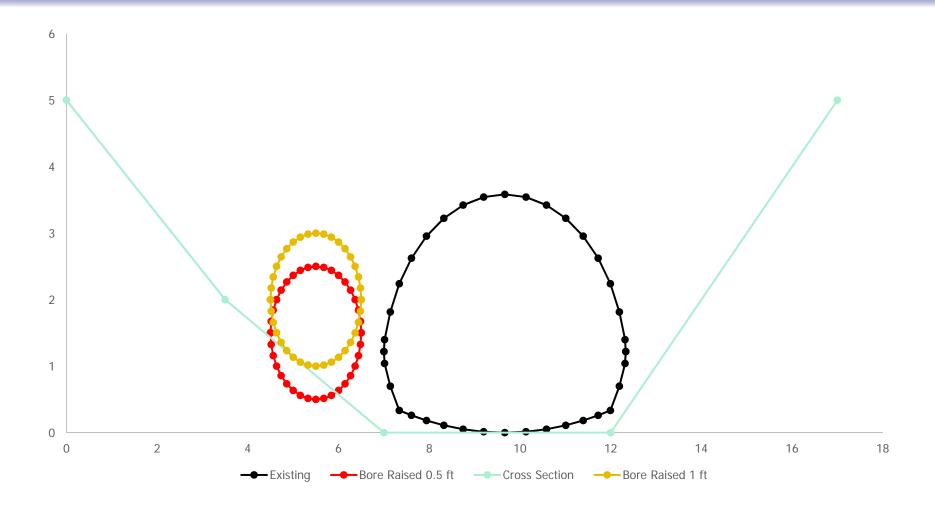




- Raise liner inverts: liner thickness
- Raise bored pipe inverts: min 12 in
- Raise paved inverts: 5 in











- Assume no scour hole
- Backwater calculation
  - Determine existing backwater
  - Backwater difference based on difference in headwater elevation between existing and liner model





- Existing Backwater = 104.79-(100.5+1.90) = 2.39
- Liner Backwater = (105.17-104.79) + 2.39 = 2.77
  - Not 105.17-(100.75+1.90) = 2.52

